THE DAILY NEWS.
Delivered in the city, per month............$75
By mail, per annum in advance................8.00
THE WEEKLY NEWS.
Issued every Thursday.
Per annum, invariably in advance..........$1 00

Meridian Daily News.

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VOLUME 4. MERIDIAN, MISSISSIPPI SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1889. NO 298

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

Barber, Granberry & Co

Are replenishing their stock daily with all the novelties of the season. We call special attention to our stock

Ladies and Misses and Childrens' Wraps in all of the Latest Cuts,

Look at our $1.40, all wool, Walking Jackets, worth $2.50, and all other grades in proportion.
Our line of Dress Goods and Trimmings is complete and will compare in variety of style and assortment of textures with stocks found in any city.
Our stock House Furnishing Goods is unusually large and we invite the attention of housekeepers to this Department assuring them it will be to their interest if they want anything in Carpets, Oilcloths, Rugs, Blankets, Comforts, Table Linen, Towels and Napkins, etc.
We carry one of the best assorted lines Ladies, Misses and Gentleman's Kid Gloves to be found in the city.
Don't fail to examine our stock of Ladies and Childrens' Knit Underwear and Hosiery, Warner Bros, "P. D." and other popular makes of Corsets always in hand.

Ladies, Misses and Childrens' Shoes,

AT PRICES WHICH DEFY ALL COMPETITION.

Dresses made to order in the latest styles by experienced hands. Satisfaction guaranteed. Samples sent on application. Orders by mail will receive prompt and careful attention.

BARBER, GRANBERRY X CO.

The First National Bank
MERIDIAN, MISS.
THE LARGEST AND STRONGEST NATIONAL BANK IN MISSISSIPPI

CAPITAL	$130,000
SURPLUS AND PROFITS	70,000
	$200,000

ACCOUNTS OF BANKS, MERCHANTS, MANUFCTURERS ANDINDIVIDUALS SOLICITED.

A. THREEFOOT SONS & CO
THE ONLY
Exclusive Wholesale Grocery Store in the State
LARGE DEALERS IN
CIGARS AND TOBACCO
Agents for
HAZARD POWDER COMPANY.
SELL ONLY TO DEALERS.
Every Kind of Staple and Fancy Groceries and Western Produce
ALWAYS IN THE FRONT RANK.
TAKE THE LEAD IN VARIETY, QUALITY AND LOW PRICES

THEY MUST GO

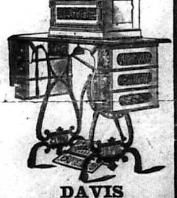
At a great reduction. The mammoth stock of Stationery, Books, Fancy Goods, Toys, etc., must go by January 1st, at wholesale and retail. Being headquarters for

SANTA CLAUS

This year we can offer great inducements to our customers.
Our stock is by far the largest ever before brought to the State, and before it is too much broken we advise our wholesale customers to come and make their selections early. By doing so now you can get a more complete assortment.
"DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS." Come early and avoid the rush which always follows during Xmas week at

J. R. NELSON & CO., Fourth Street.

THOS. M. FERGUSON,
DEALER IN



DAVIS
SEWING MACHINES,
Needles, Attachments and Parts of all Other Machines
NO. 2316 FRONT ST., MERIDIAN.
au25d&w6m

W. M. STONE, JR.
Intelligence Bureau.
Real Estate, Loan
AND COLLECTING AGENCY.
Office 2212½ Fourth street, Meridian, Miss.
Will buy and sell real estate or any property, pay taxes, give any and all information on any and all subjects, prompt attention given all business.
REFERENCES.
Meridian National Bank,
First National Bank,
Meridian Savings Bank.

Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA (Teething Powders)
[illegible]
For sale by A. J. Peek

L. C. Smith Breechloading Shotguns---Colt, Smith & Wesson & other Revolvers
GEO. F. COLEMAN,
HARDWARE DEALER

NEW BAKER BREECHLOADING SHOTGUNS
ENGLISH AND OTHER MAKES OF BREECH & MUZZLE LOADING GUNS & RIFLES
Builders Hardware and Blacksmith and
MILL SUPPLIES.
No. 2216 Fourth street, opposite St. Charles Hotel, Meridian, Mississippi.
NEW MODEL REMINGTON BREECHLOADING SHOTGUNS AND RIFLES.

J. A. MOORE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
BEST LUMP AND STEAM COAL. LIME
PLASTER, HAIR, CEMENT, ETC.
SHIPMENTS MADE PROMPTLY. ORDERS SOLICITED.

WEDNESDAY NOON.

This is the Hour and Day of Jefferson Davis' Burial.

Special to THE DAILY NEWS.

NEW ORLEANS, December 6.—The remains of Jefferson Davis will be buried at Metarie Ridge cemetery, this city, at noon on Wednesday, December 11 next.

DIED.

Yesterday at 12 o'clock the brittle cord that bound little Nettie J. McCormick to this world was snapped asunder, and her pure spirit flew to Him who said: "Suffer little children to come unto Me, and forbid them not, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven." For two years and four months had she brightened the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. R. McCormick, as only a lovable, amiable child can.

The family will convey little Nettie to Shubuta this morning, where she will be buried by the side of a sister who has gone before.

POWE—BUSBY.

Married at the residence of Mr. J. H. Busby, of East End, Miss Ida M. Busby, to Mr. S. M. Powe, son of Col. Powe, of Winchester, Miss., Dr. J. W. Bozeman officiating. The happy couple left last night immediately after the ceremony for Waynesboro.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

MERIDIAN, Miss., December 5, 1889.
To the Editor of The News.

Noticing your article today under the head of "Manufacturers' Aid Association," as well as numerous others of like import in the past, induces me to address the public through your columns with something in the nature of a proposal.

I suppose it is generally known that I have done much in the past to bring trade and money from a distance to this place; perhaps more than any other one man, as I started both the Southern Standard Press Company and Progress Manufacturing Company, whose trade comes mainly from territory not reached by any other line of trade here. In neither of these ventures did I meet with cordial co-operation from the general public, though in the latter I have been ably supported by a few individuals. I shall soon start somewhere a new line of manufacture.

Other places are offering large inducements for such, in the way of subscriptions to capital stock, bonuses, free real estate, etc., etc. I have too painful a memory of the reception I commonly met when I was soliciting assistance toward starting Progress Manufacturing Company ever again to undertake such a thing personally here. I am now in correspondence with parties elsewhere in relation to this new business, and of course, it will be located wherever the best inducements are offered, though Meridian being my home, I should greatly prefer locating here. If Meridian wants this business, which would employ from fifty to one hundred men, let her signify her desire substantially.

I wish to say in this connection that I have no intention of severing my connection with Progress Manufacturing Co., and the new business will not in any respect come in competition with the business of that company, and its market will be all over the United States, if not all over the world. G. W. SOULE.

TRANSFER OF REAL ESTATE.

Meridian Land and Industrial Company to T. C. Williams, lots 3 and 4 of block 80, Ragsdale's survey.

Same to W. M. Bloodsworth, south half of lot 2 and lot 3, block 21, Ragsdale's survey.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Frank M. Hall, an expert accountant, is here to organize a commercial class.

Mr. J. H. Lumpkin has returned to the city again after several days sojourn at Macon, where he organized a local board of the Southern Home Building & Loan Association.

Gratifying to All

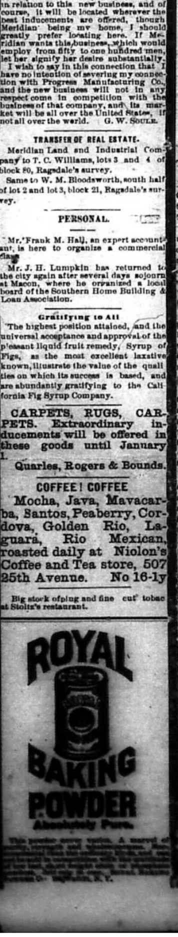
The highest position attained, and the universal acceptance and approval of the pleasant liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, as the most excellent laxative known, illustrate the value of the qualities on which its success is based, and are abundantly gratifying to the California Fig Syrup Company.

CARPETS, RUGS, CARPETS. Extraordinary inducements will be offered in these goods until January 1.

Quarles, Rogers & Bounds.

COFFEE! COFFEE
Mocha, Java, Mavacarba, Santos, Peaberry, Cordova, Golden Rio, Laguara, Rio Mexican, roasted daily at Niolon's Coffee and Tea store, 507 25th Avenue. No 16-1y

Big stock of plug and fine cut tobac at Stoltz's restaurant.



HON. JEFFERSON DAVIS.

THE ILLUSTRIOUS CHIEFTAIN OF THE CONFEDERACY NO MORE.

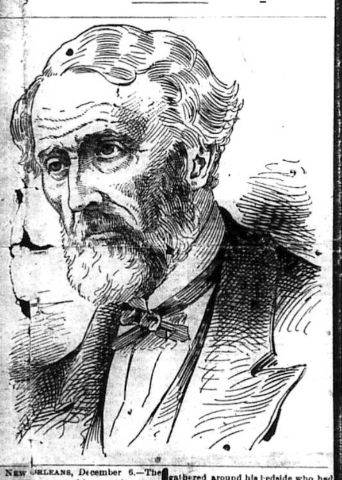
He Crosses Over the River and Rests Under the Shade of the Trees.

The Entire South Mourns Mississippi's Distinguished Son.

The Elements, in Sympathy with the South's Grief, Drape the Heavens a Somber Hue.

The News Received With Profound Sorrow by all Classes And Conditions Alike.

A Biographical Sketch of Mr. Davis' Useful and Eventful Life in Business, War and Politics--The Two Kentucky Boys, Lincoln and Davis--On the Northern Frontier--A Cotton Planter--Enters Congress--The Mexican War--President of the Southern Confederacy--Imprisonment, Release and Old Age.



NEW ORLEANS, December 6.—The Times-Democrat this morning says:

At 12:45 o'clock this morning Hon. Jefferson Davis, ex-President of the Confederate States, passed away at the residence of Associate Justice Chas. E. Fenner.

From the beginning of his fatal illness Mr. Davis had insisted that his case was nearly, or quite, hopeless, though the dread of pain or fear of death never appeared to take the slightest hold upon his spirits, which were brave and even buoyant from the beginning of his attack.

In vain the doctors strived to impress upon him that his health was improving. He steadily insisted that there was no improvement, but with Christian resignation he was content to accept whatever Providence had in store for him.

Only once did he waver in his belief that his case showed no improvement and that was at an early hour yesterday morning, when he playfully remarked to Mr. Payne, "I am afraid that I shall be compelled to agree with the doctors for once, and admit that I am a little better."

All day long the favoable symptoms continued and late in the afternoon, as late as 4 o'clock, Mrs. Davis sent such a cheering message to Mrs. Stamps and Mr. and Mrs. Farrar, that they decided for the first time since Mr. Davis has been taken ill to attend the French Opera.

At 6 o'clock last evening, without any assignable cause, Mr. Davis was seized with a congestive chill, which seemed to absolutely crush the vitality out of his already enfeebled body. So weak was Mr. Davis that the violence of the assault soon subsided for lack of vitality upon which to prey.

From that moment to the moment of his death the history of his case was that of a gradual sinking. At 7 o'clock Mrs. Davis administered some medicine, but the ex-President declined to receive the whole dose.

She urged upon him the necessity of taking the remainder, but putting it aside, with the gentlest of gestures he whispered, "Pray, excuse me."

These were his last words. Gradually he grew weaker and weaker, but never for an instant seemed to lose consciousness. Lying peacefully upon his bed and without a trace of pain in his look he remained for hours. Silently clasping and tenderly caressing his wife's hand, with an undaunted Christian spirit, he awaited the end.

From the moment of the dread assault of the congestive chill those gathered around his bedside who had been watching and noting with painful interest every change of symtoms for the past month knew well that the dread messenger was even at the door.

About 10:30 o'clock Associated Justice Fenner went to the French Opera House to call to Mr. Davis's bedside Mr. and Mrs. Farrar and Mrs. Stamps. As soon as the message reached them they hurried to the bedside of the dying ex-President.

By 10:30 o'clock there were assembled in the death chamber Mrs. Davis, Drs. Chaille and Bickham, Associate Justice and Mrs. Fenner, Miss Nannie Smith, grandniece of the dying ex-President, and Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Farrar.

Finding that Mr. Davis was breathing somewhat heavily as he lay upon his back, the doctors assisted him to turn upon his right side. With his cheek resting upon his right hand like a sleeping infant and with his left hand drooping across his chest, he lay for some fifteen minutes breathing softly but faintly. More and more feeble became his respirations till they passed into silence, and then the watchers knew that the silver cord had been loosed and the golden bowl broken. The Father of the Confederacy had passed away—

"As calmly as to a night's repose,
Or flowers at set of sun."

Despite the fact that the end had come slowly and peacefully, and after she had been face to face for hours with the dread reality, the blow fell with crushing force upon the afflicted widow.

As long as there had been work for either head or hands she had borne up bravely, and not until the sweet uses for her tender ministrations were lost did she seem to realize the terrible force of the blow that had fallen upon her.

Knowing of a predisposition to heart affection, the doctors were at once gravely alarmed for her, and they promptly administered a composing draught, and at a late hour this morning she was resting quietly.

It is believed that the foundation of the ex-President's last illness was malaria, complicated with acute bronchitis.

Careful nursing and skilled medical attention had mastered the latter, but it is supposed that the congestive chill, which was the immediate cause of death, was attributable to a return of the malaria.

After death, the face of the deceased, though looking slightly emaciated, showed no trace of suffering, more nearly resembling that of a peaceful sleeper than of the dead.

When the family had partially recovered from the terrible shock, Mr. Farrar went to the Western Union telegraph office and sent dispatches to Miss Winnie Davis, who is in Paris with Mrs. Pulitzer, to Mr. Davis' son-in-law in Colorado City, and also notified Gov. Lowry, of Mississippi, as he deemed it but right that the Executive of the State should know of the death of one of its most distinguished sons.

Senator Jones, who had started from Iowa some days ago to pay a visit to his old friend and comrade, did not arrive yesterday as was expected, and when he reaches this city today will only behold the remains of him whom in life he esteemed and to see whom he traveled from far-off Iowa to the Sunny South.

Mrs. Hayes, Mr. Davis' daughter, who was due here yesterday, was detained last night at Forth Worth, and is not expected to be in the city until Saturday morning.

Judge Fenner and Mr. Farrar have the affairs of the dead statesman in hand, but the latter gentleman last night stated that he and Judge Fenner would not take any steps looking to the funeral until they had held a consultation with Mrs. Davis, who is at present too much grieved by her severe loss to be approached on the subject.

Mr. Farrar is fully acquainted with all the details of Mr. Davis' will, but he stated that he did not know but that Mrs. Davis received some final wish from her husband regarding the place of burial.

Mr. Farrar did not know if the burial would take place in this city or elsewhere, and although he and Judge Fenner had been requested to act as they saw fit in the premises, Mrs. Davis had not intimated where she desired the interment to be made.

The undertaking establishment of Johnson's Sons have charge of the embalming of the body, and this morning finished their task in an admirable manner.

HOW THE NEWS WAS RECEIVED.

At Charleston.

CHARLESTON, S. C., December 6.—The news of Jefferson Davis' death was received here with marked manifestations of public sorrow and private grief. The city flags are at half mast, and the stars and stripes are displayed all over the city. The principal stores are draped in black.

A movement is on foot to hold a memorial meeting on the day of his funeral under the auspices of the Confederate Survivors Association. The association met today to perfect the programme.

The mayor of the city will order all public business to be suspended on the day of the funeral, and issue a proclamation requesting the citizens generally to pay honor to the distinguished dead.

At Augusta.

AUGUSTA, Ga., December 6.—The news of the death of ex-President Jefferson Davis was received in Augusta with profound regret by the entire people. Private and public buildings are being draped. Flags are flying at half mast. The following telegram of condolence was sent to Mrs. Davis this morning.

HEADQUARTERS CONFEDERATE SURVIVORS' ASSOCIATION,
AUGUSTA, Ga., December 6, 1889.
To Mrs. Jefferson Davis, Care Hon. Chas. Fenner, New Orleans, La.:

The members of the Confederate Survivors Association of Augusta, Ga., crave the privilege of assuring you at the earliest moment of their profound sympathy and heartfelt sorrow upon the death of your illustrious husband, our beloved chief and venerated president of the Southern Confederacy. (Signed)

CHAS. C. JONES, JR., Pres.
F. M. STOVALL, Sec.

Notice has been given of a meeting of Survivor's Association to take formal and appropriate action.

At Wilmington.

WILMINGTON, N. C., December 6.—The death of Ex-Prest. Davis, though not unexpected, created profound sorrow in this community. The City Hall, rooms of the Cape Fear club and other bui[illegible] are draped in mourning. Flags are at half-mast and other evidence of the people's grief are to be seen everywhere. A meeting of Cofederate Veterans will be held tomorrow and will issue a call for a general meeting of the citizens, to be held probably Monday.

At Asheville.

ASHEVILLE, N. C. December 6.-On the announcement of the death of President Davis, the bells were tolled, flags put at half mast, and buildings draped in emblems of mourning, and a public meeting was called by the mayor for tonight.

At Columbia.

COLUMBIA, S. C., December 6.—The Register's bulletin first informed the citizens of Columbia this morning of the death of Jefferson Davis. The news created general and profound sorrow among all classes. Flags on all State buildings are at half mast and the city bells are tolling.

The General Assembly now in session here adopted the following resolution and immediately adjourned out of respect to the memory of the dead chief of the South:

Resolved, by the House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, the Senate concurring, that the General Assembly has heard with profound sorrow of the death of Hon. Jefferson Davis, that in the death of Mr. Davis the South has lost her most distinguished citizen and the country one of the ablest and purest statesmen it has ever had, whose life, character and services should ever be held in honorable and loving remembrance by the people of the whole country, but especially by those of the South, that president of the Senate and speaker of the House be requested to communicate immediately to the family of Mr. Davis their expression of profound sorrow and sympathy of the people of South Carolina; that in token of our respect flags on the capitol and all other State buildings be placed at half-mast during the present session of the General Assembly; that a copy of these resolutions suitably engrossed and signed by the president of the Senate and speaker of the House, be sent to the family of Mr. Davis, and as a further mark of respect this General Assembly do now adjourn.

At Norfolk.

NORFOLK, Va., December 6.—The Pickett Buchanan Camp of the Confederate Veterans met this afternoon and adopted resolutions in the memory of ex-president Jefferson Davis. Telegrams of sympathy were sent Mrs. Davis.

At Lynchburg.

LYNCHBURG, Va., December 6.—The news of the death of Mr. Jefferson Davis was received here with universal regret.

At Greenville.

GREENVILLE, S. C., December 6.—The bells are tolling here as a mark of respect to the late Jefferson Davis. The Greenville Daily News will appear tomorrow morning in mourning, in honor of Mr. Davis.

At Richmond.

RICHMOND, Va., December 6.—The Legislature in joint session has appointed a committee to prepare resolutions appropriate to the memory of Hon. Jefferson Davis, ex-President of the Southern Confederacy. Flags on the State capitol building have been placed at half mast. The Legislature is now considering a joint resolution for a committee to attend the funeral.

At Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga., December 6.—News of Jefferson Davis' death was received with great sorrow in Atlanta. The State house flag is at half mast, and a meeting of citizens will probably be held tonight to talk of closing business houses on the day of the burial.

A movement has already been started to raise a fund to erect a monument in Atlanta. Numerous subscriptions have been sent to the Constitution for that purpose.

At Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga., December 6.—The news of the death of ex President Davis was received with genuine sorrow in Savannah. Flags on the city hall, cotton exchange, armories and newspaper offices were lowered to half mast and the city offices were closed by order of the mayor. The Confederate Veterans Association will hold a meeting tomorrow to take action on the ex-President's death.

Mr. Davis' last visit to Savannah was at the time of Chatham Artillery's Centennial in 1886. A few days later he laid the corner-stone of the Confederate monument in Montgomery. His reception by the military of the South, he said, was the great event of his life.

At Raleigh.

RALEIGH, N. C., December 6.—Gov. Fowle, today sent the following telegram:

EXECUTIVE OFFICE.
To Mrs. Jefferson Davis:

North Carolina mourns with you the death of the greatest and best beloved son of our Southland.

He also issued this memorial proclamation:

Wheras, Almighty God, by His Providence, hath removed from this world the trusted leader of the State of North Carolina, in the four darkest years of her history, and whereas, our entire people regard his memory with feeling of the highest respect, esteem and affection. Now for purpose of manifesting their appreciation of his exalted character and distinguished service, I enjoin on the people of this State, laying aside all business, to assemble themselves at their respective places of worship at a time to be appointed for the funeral by Mrs. Davis, and to join in services suitable to the sad occasion.

At Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 6.—Few of the Southern representatives about the Capitol today could be induced to talk about Mr. Davis' career, fearing in many instances that their remarks would be misconstrued.

REPRESENTATIVE MILLS,

of Texas, however, spoke his mind freely to the following effect:

"Mr. Davis was regarded by the Southern people as one of the greatest, best and purest men in the world. We all loved him. He was our representative man, and all of the Southern people understood that the opposition he encountered and the adverse criticisms piled on him were intended for them. His position was misunderstood in the North. Mr. Davis was a union man at the beginning, and he adopted the cause he did with great reluctance, but from a feeling of duty. He was deeply attached to union and wanted to exhaust every means on earth to prevent a rupture. He was not a vindictive or cruel man. He had perfect confidence in himself, was well balanced on all occasions, and was a great military man and statesman. He was highly accomplished and spoke the best of English. His memory was marvelously clear. He never forgot anybody. My predecessor Geddings told me that one day Mr. Davis was addressing a crowd when a snowy-haired old man on the outskirts expressed a desire to greet the speaker, whom he had known and served under in the Mexican war. Geddings offered to introduce him, but the old man declined, and going up to Mr. Davis, offered him his hand and asked if he recognized him. Mr. Davis fixed his eye on him for a moment, his mouth twitched, tears sprang into his eyes, and he exclaimed: "Ward, snow has fallen on your hair since I last saw you," and that, said Mills, was about forty years before the meeting.

REPRESENTATIVE CLEMENTS,

of Georgia, said: "A good man gone. He was permitted to live to see largely modified the harsh criticism engendered by the late strife and events in which he took such a prominent

Continued on Second Page.

THE MERIDIAN NEWS

MR. JEFFERSON DAVIS.

The people of the South are in tear today! Jefferson Davis is dead! Oh, how these words will touch the human heart as they go around the world! Today the earthly career of one of history's most illustrious characters is ended, and the spirit of a grand and heroic man borne away to its eternal rest.

For some time past the columns of the papers have been searched each day with bated breath by thousands eager to learn of his condition, and as many heart-prayers have gone up that each next day might find him improved and out of danger; but at last the click of the telegraph has brought the sad news which his people feared and which they cannot hear without sighs and tears.

[illegible] such news as this is to stop the movement of the wheels of trade [illegible]ness. The South can not work [illegible]. Trade and traffic halt as the hands upon a watch refuse to move when the mainspring is suddenly broken. Let us, fellow-citizens of this fair city, follow the inclinations of our hearts. Let Meridian for a time turn her key in the lock of business, let her close her houses, and give herself up to the sorrow that enshrouds her people and the South. The Board of Trade of our city will have a meeting this afternoon and propose some plan by means of which our entire community can pay proper respect to the illustrious dead. It is needless for us to urge this people to co-operate with the Board of Trade. We know they will do it!

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The first office draped in the city in respect to the dead chieftain was that of the Meridian water works, of which Geo. B. Opp is manager.

⁂

Yesterday was another big cotton day.

⁂

The dime museum, the "flying jenny" and the "wheel of fortune" are the attractions of the week.

⁂

A gloom was cast over the entire city by the announcement of the death of Ex-President Davis.

⁂

The material for the iron fence for the Whitfield school is being placed on the grounds. Briggs & Reneau will have it put up.

⁂

The new compress is ready to go to work.

⁂

One of the most beautiful and most genuine tributes paid to the memory of Jefferson Davis occurred yesterday at the West End public school. When the teachers announced that Jefferson Davis was dead, many little girls burst into tears as if the death of some one near and dear to them had been announced. And as one little girl said, when school was dismissed every one seemed to be dumb. They all went away from school feeling as if some one was dead.

⁂

A bridge across the railroad would be a great convenience, and in fact, it is almost a necessity. For instance, last night the crossing was blocked by the switching for about fifteen minutes at one time, causing twenty or twenty-five people to be delayed. The law does not permit the crossing to be blocked so long, but they do it all the same.

⁂

THE NEWS' Extra was read yesterday with much interest.

⁂

The speaker's stand at the Court House last night was decorated with a Confederate battle flag and with a picture of the stars and bars draped in black, furnished for the occasion by Mrs. Jno. J. Carson.

Resolutions of Respect.

HALL OF W. S. PATTON COUNCIL 24.
November 26, 1889.

At a regular meeting of W. S. Patton Council 24, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted. A short time has only elapsed since this, our W. S. Patton Council 24, has been reorganized, and useful work assigned to the companions to beautify our Temple, when alas! there is already no design on the trestle board of Companion W. S. Patton, who has been removed to that House not made with hands eternal in the heavens. Be it therefore resolved.

1 Resolved, That this council has lost a most useful member, and a most distinguished craftsman, who was not only honored and beloved by us, but distinguished by his earnest services to Masonry throughout this State and beyond its jurisdiction. He has filled the highest offices within our order and discharged every duty with fidelity. The vacancy thus caused will be difficult to replace in our midst.

2. Resolved, That this council, which bears the name of our illustrious companion, will ever cherish his memory. We, the members, will endeavor to emulate his example. While humbly submitting to the wise decrees of Providence we will again listen to the teachings of Masonry, which reminds us of the changability of life, but most vividly impresses us that it is our duty to have a specimen of our work prepared at all times to be inspected by the Great Architect of the universe.

3. Resolved, That we sincerely sympathise with the family of our departed companion, assuring them of our fraternal feelings towards them at all times. We hope and trust that they may find that spiritual consolation which true religion has in store for them.

4 Resolved, That these resolutions be entered upon the record of our council, published in THE MERIDIAN NEWS, the Masonic Voice, of Chicago, and Clarion-Ledger, of Jackson, Miss., and a copy of the same be sent to the family of our departed companion.

DR. J. WECHSLER,
JAMES WATTS,
G. SMALSHAF,
J. C. PORTER,
Committee.

Oh! ye who teach the ingenious youth of our great nation, let them learn the noble art of self-defense, as Salvation Oil is the specific for hurts.

Little Annie yesterday told us, in her way, what a good medicine Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is; it had cured her of a very severe cold.

HON. JEFF. DAVIS.

Continued from First Page.

[illegible]art, and the ultimate verdict of the world will be that he was both a statesman and a patriot.

In time to come, the North will agree in that judgment as well as the South, and the rest of the world. I do not believe that any man was ever animated by more pure and patriotic motives than he was. The people of my section have the greatest reverence for him."

REPRESENTATIVE TURNER

of Georgia, said: "Mr. Davis' death will leave no person embittered against him, and his decease will be a matter of universal regret throughout the South. He was a man of great ability and of unsurpassed public accomplishments."

EX-ATTORNEY GENERAL GARLAND

said: "Yes, I knew Mr. Davis quite well, as I was near him almost daily from Montgomery, Ala., to Richmond during the whole time of the war between the States, and I regarded him as a man of fine attainments, polished and accomplished, brave and courageous and true to his principles; and I believe the Confederacy came as near succeeding under his Presidency as it would have done under that of any other man. As to the place history will give him, that is a most difficult question to answer at any time, and as to any man, but I believe when his whole life and character are considered and analyzed in an unclouded atmosphere by cool, dispassionate people, he will hold a very high place in history."

JUSTICE LAMAR

said that it was with great reluctance that he could speak of Mr. Davis at this time, so soon after his death, which he (the Justice) felt deeply. He expressed a willingness to answer briefly any questions which might be asked, and in reply to these said: "The whole people of Mississippi are in grief. They regard him as a much beloved countryman, who has suffered much for their sakes. My own personal relations with him were not only kind but affectionate. As a public man my estimate of him was of the most exalted character. He was a man of intellect, honor and statesmanship. He was the friend and sympathizer of young men, whom he was always ready to aid. When I came to Congress in 1857, a young man, Mr. Davis was then Senator. He received me with kindness and throughout my life I have been indebted to him for kindness, counsel and aid."

At Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ga., December 6.–Immediately on receipt of the news of the death of Mr. Davis a call for a mass meeting of the citizens was issued by Mayor pro tem Brannon, which was held at the public library in the afternoon and was largely attended.

A preamble and resolution expressive of regret at the death of the distinguished Southern leader were presented and unanimously adopted. Eloquent speeches were made by a number of prominent citizens and a resolution was adopted providing for the suspension of business on the day of the funeral, for memorial services in different churches and that the city be draped in mourning.

A telegram expressing the sympathy of the people of Columbus for the bereaved family was sent by mayor pro. tem. During the meeting all bells in the city were tolled.

The Confederate Veterans met tonight to take suitable action. Every tribute of respect and love for the ex-President of the lost Confederacy will be rendered by the people of Columbus. The entire community mourns his loss.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

More than eighty years ago two Kentucky boys, born in widely different social spheres, entered upon still more widely diverse careers—Abraham Lincoln, in Hardin (now Larue) county, and Jefferson Davis, in Christian (now Todd) county; Lincoln born February 12, 1809, and Davis on the 3d of June preceding.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.
[From a war time portrait.]

No dark sibyl hailed them at their birth as the coming exponents of an awful struggle. No prophet would have dared predict in the days of their prominence that the rugged Lincoln was soon to fall, while the defeated, an invalid during a third of his life, would survive his great antagonist for a quarter of a century, outliving all the actors of his age in the great struggle, yet such was to be the irony of fate. History presents many paradoxes, but none greater than this: that the victor should fall in the very hour of victory and the defeated live till almost every trace of the conflict had vanished, to die of mere old age.

The ancestors of Jefferson Davis were of pure English stock, but so long resident in America that the type had [illegible] thoroughly southern American. On both sides they served in the war for American independence, his father, Samuel Davis, winning some distinction in the mounted troops of Georgia. Of his two sons, Jefferson early became a soldier, while Joseph, a man of talent, scarcely, if at all, inferior, gained a local success as lawyer and planter in Mississippi. The brothers were notably affectionate in childhood, and remained through life devoted to each other.

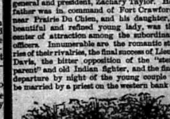
Soon after the birth of Jefferson, Samuel Davis removed to Mississippi, locating near Woodville, in Wilkinson county. The sons there acquired an unusually good English education for the time, and at an early age Jefferson entered Transylvania college, Kentucky. In 1824, however, President Monroe appointed him a cadet at West Point, whence he was graduated in 1828, at the early age of 20. He had stood high in his class, and at once entered on active duty, though for some time commissioned only as a brevet second lieutenant. Promotion was very slow in those peaceful times, but he soon won his full commission, and in the next three years demonstrated his organizing capacity, both as infantry and staff officer on the northwestern frontier.

The year 1831 brought a surprise and many promotions. Black Hawk entered on his famous campaign, and Jefferson Davis was at once given an active and responsible position to muster in and organize the new recruits. There has long been a tradition that in this capacity he mustered in the company of Illinois volunteers from New Salem and vicinity commanded by Capt. Abraham Lincoln, but there is no record of it.

CAMPAIGNS AGAINST THE INDIANS.

Early in 1833 Lieut. Davis was transferred from his place in Company B, First United States infantry, and in recognition of his services in the Black Hawk war was promoted to a first lieutenancy in the First United States dragoons, of which command he was soon made adjutant. In this position he made a very brilliant record, not only as an organizer and efficient administrator in garrison life, but in several active campaigns against the Comanches, Pawnees and other Indians. And it is at this stage of his career that active, one might say acrid, criticism first concerns itself with Jefferson Davis. Those writers who persist in attributing the downfall of the Southern Confederacy to President Davis allege that thus early he exhibited the same faults and virtues which marked his administration in greater and greater degree with each successive increase of rank and power. The greatest fault alleged, perhaps, is unreasonable attachment to a few friends and corresponding prejudice against other persons.

It was while in this service that Lieut. Davis wooed and won a daughter of the eminent general and president, Zachary Taylor. Her father was in command of Fort Crawford, near Prairie Du Chien, and his daughter, a beautiful and refined young lady, was the center of attraction among the subordinate officers. Innumerable are the romantic stories of their rivalries, the final success of Lieut. Davis, the bitter opposition of the "stern parent" and old Indian fighter, and the final departure by night of the young couple to be married by a priest on the western bank of the Mississippi. Let the young and romantic continue to read and believe. Suffice it that the father remained obdurate for some time, and was not completely reconciled to his son-in-law till the latter lay wounded in his tent after the battle of Buena Vista. There are as many accounts of what was said there as of the battle of Shiloh. Gen. Taylor's words appear to have been these, or very near them:



JEFFERSON DAVIS' BIRTHPLACE.

"Colonel, you have saved the day—God bless you! When Dolly would have you, she was a better judge of a man than I was."

EIGHT YEARS A PLANTER.

June 30, 1835, Lieut. Davis resigned his commission and located in Mississippi, where he lived for eight years the quiet life of a cotton planter. Then came a "crisis;" the annexation of Texas may be taken as the first issue over which distinctively northern and southern parties confronted each other. In 1843 Lieut. Davis took an active and most effective part in the state campaign and in 1844 he was one of the Democratic electors for Mississippi. In 1845 he was elected a representative in congress, and in December of that year took his seat in the house. It was called then a "stormy session," but in retrospect after the long session of 1849-'50, it was thought mild.

Mr. Davis took an active part in the discussions on the tariff, the Oregon boundary issue, the Mexican imbroglio, and the slavery question so far as it came up, but his speeches at that time indicate a position far more moderate than was afterwards attributed to him. It is of no great consequence now, but worth noting as curious matter of history, that in the heated discussions regarding Texas the threats of disunion came largely from the extreme northern men, while the most eloquent eulogies upon the union came from the south. In a speech on the Oregon question, Feb. 6, 1846, Mr. Davis said:

"From sire to son has descended the love of union in our hearts, as in our history are mingled the names of Concord and Camden, of Yorktown and Saratoga, of Moultrie and Plattsburg, of Chippewa and Erie, of New Orleans and Bunker Hill. Grouped together they form a monument to the common glory of our common country; and where is the southern man who would wish that that monument were less by one of the northern names that constitute the mass?"

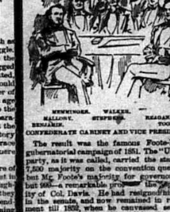
COL. JEFFERSON DAVIS.

His Heroic and Successful Action at Buena Vista.

While Mr. Davis was active in congress in July, the First regiment of Mississippi volunteers enrolled for the Mexican war elected him their colonel. He resigned at once, overtook his regiment at New Orleans, organized and drilled it to a high state of efficiency, and early in September was on the Rio Grande, in the army of his father-in-law, Gen. Zachary Taylor. A few days later he bore a conspicuous part in the siege and storming of Monterey, and, as commissioner, aided in drawing up the terms of capitulation.

Five months of comparative quiet followed, and then came the crowning glory of his military career, the achievement of which, more than all else, fixed him firmly in the affections of the southern people, aided him effectively at each turning point in his subsequent career, made him secretary of war and finally president of the Southern Confederacy. This was his gallantry, coolness in danger and soldierly skill at the battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 23, 1847.

In July, 1846, Mr. Davis was in congress, in September he was leading his regiment against Monterey; in February, 1847, he was at Buena Vista, and July of the same year found him again a peaceful planter, the regiment's term of service having expired. In August, 1847, the governor of Mississippi appointed him a United States senator to fill a vacancy; the legislature in 1848 re-elected him to complete the term, and in 1850 re-elected him for a full term. The ever memorable congress of 1849-'51, at its long session, had adopted the noted "compromise measure," but fully satisfied neither party.



MEMMINGER. WALKER. MALLORY. STEPHENS. REAGAN. BENJAMIN. TOOMBS.
CONFEDERATE CABINET AND VICE PRESIDENT.

The result was the famous Foote-Davis gubernatorial campaign of 1851. The "Union" party, as it was called, carried the state by 7,500 majority on the convention question, but Mr. Foote's majority for governor was but 999—a remarkable proof of the popularity of Col. Davis. He had resigned his seat in the senate, and now remained in retirement till 1852, when he canvassed several states for the Democratic candidates.

WAR SECRETARY DAVIS.

His Able Administration of the War Department.

March 4, 1853, President Franklin Pierce named Col. Jefferson Davis as secretary of war. That of Pierce was a strong cabinet, and secretary Davis was certainly among the strongest men in it. Men of all parties agree that his administration of the war department was marked by ability and energy, and many old officers testify that of all secretaries in their time Col. Davis was (save for his quarrel with Gen. Scott) most popular with the army. He reorganized almost the entire service, drafted a new code of army regulations, introduced the light infantry rifle system of tactics, tried the experiment of camels for transportation on the southwestern deserts, added four regiments to the regular army, and improved the entire system of sea coast defenses. He also had the boundaries between Mexico and the United States fixed accurately, and secured the complete survey and almost the adoption of the southern route for a Pacific railroad. He sent Capt. George B. McClellan and two other officers to the Crimea to study the military tactics of the armies there (in 1854-'55), and was so pleased with their report that he retained warm personal feelings for them even through the civil war.

With the events of President Pierce's administration congress and the country may be said to have entered in full course upon the proceedings which led to the civil war. It is not to be expected that any American could at this time take a dispassionate and philosophical view of that part of history. All that remains then is to recite the principal events and quote briefly the matured judgment of friends and foes.

At his retirement from the cabinet in March, 1857, the legislature of Mississippi had elected Mr. Davis as United States senator for the term to close March 4, 1863. He plunged at once into the heated debates of the time, maintaining the rather extreme southern view, and with an ability and courtesy which elicited warm praise even from his foes. The editor of Harper's Weekly has this sketch of him in 1858:

"In the north, Col. Davis is regarded—somewhat unjustly, perhaps—as a type of the southern fire eater. Many persons who have never seen him fancy him quarrelsome, petulant, hotheaded, turbulent. His appearance in the senate does not justify these views. A prim, smooth looking man, with a precise manner, stiff soldierly carriage, and cold expression; his head fuller, seemingly, of statistics and hard, dry principles than anything else; his voice cool and firm, without tremor or excitement; he is the last person a spectator would pick out as 'the fire eater.' In his own country he is intensely beloved, chiefly from his kind and gentle disposition. He is a man of whom Mississippi may well be proud."

He also took an active part in opposing the French spoliation bill and advocating the southern route for the Pacific railroad. He led the so-called "Lecompton party" in congress in opposition to Senator Douglas, and in debate with the latter propounded the once celebrated queries and propositions which drew from the Illinois senator his famous theory as to the right of a territorial legislature to adopt "unfriendly legislation" against slavery, and his article in Harper's Magazine, which set forth the creed of the "Douglas Democrats." The breach was now complete.

Meantime, in the summer of 1858, he made a tour for health and pleasure through the eastern states, delivering several addresses, in which the warmest attachment to the union was avowed—always, however, with the proviso, expressed or implied, that aggressions upon the south would certainly be met with resistance. Some of these addresses have a strange sound now, as a letter acknowledging an invitation to join in a Boston celebration of the birthday of Daniel Webster, in January, 1859, he wrote:

"I send you my cordial greetings to the friends of the constitution, and ask to be enrolled among those whose mission is, by fraternity and good faith to every constitutional obligation, to insure that, from the Aroostook to San Diego, from Key West to Puget sound, the grand arch of our political temple shall stand unshaken."

DID WAR BEGIN IN 1859?

An event was at hand, however, which was to precipitate the conflict—namely, the enterprise of John Brown. A million southern men and women, who had laughed at the idea of danger from "northern aggression," were suddenly converted, saying, as one of them expressed it, "We can no longer live in peace with the north; our allies have become our enemies, and we must seek release from the connection while we can do so with safety." The feelings of Jefferson Davis for the next fifteen months may be gathered from the following letter, written at the close of the discussion to his long time friend, ex-President Pierce:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20, 1861.

MY DEAR FRIEND—I have often and sadly turned my thoughts to you during the troublous times through which we have been passing, and now I come to the hard task of announcing to you that the hour is at hand which closes my connection with the United States, for the independence and union of which my father toiled and in the service of which I have sought to emulate the example he set for my guidance. Mississippi, not as a matter of choice, but of necessity, has resolved to enter on the trial of secession. Those who have driven her to this alternative threaten to deprive her of the right to require that her government shall rest on the consent of the governed, to substitute foreign force for domestic support, to reduce a state to the condition from which the colony rose. In the attempt to avoid the issue which had been joined by the country, the present administration has complicated and precipitated the question. Even now, if the duty "to preserve the public property" was rationally regarded, the probable collision at Charleston would be avoided. Security far better than any which the Federal troops can give might be obtained in consideration of the little garrison of Fort Sumter. If the disavowal of any purpose to coerce South Carolina be sincere, the possession of a work to command the harbor is worse than useless.

When Lincoln comes in he will have but to continue in the path of his predecessor to inaugurate a civil war, and leave a soi-disant Democratic administration responsible for the fact. Gen. Cushing was here last week, and when he parted it seemed like taking a last leave of a brother.

I leave immediately for Mississippi, and know not what may devolve upon me after my return. Civil war has only horror for me, but whatever circumstances may demand shall be met as a duty, and I trust be so discharged that you will not be ashamed of our former connection or cease to be my friend.

Mrs. Davis joins me in kind remembrance to Mrs. Pierce, and the expression of the hope that we may yet have you both at our country home. Do me the favor to write to me often. Address Hurricane P. O., Warren county, Miss.

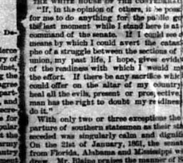
May God bless you, is ever the prayer of your friend,
JEFF'N DAVIS.
President F. Pierce.

In that fifteen months events had moved rapidly towards the dread culmination. In the first Democratic convention of 1860, Mr. Davis received some votes, Benjamin F. Butler voting for him 57 times. In the subsequent election the "two northern candidates," as Mr. Blaine styles them, received all the votes of the northern states save a meagre handful, less than 100,000, while Breckinridge and Bell received the almost solid vote of the southern states. "In truth as well as in appearance," adds Mr. Blaine, "it was a sectional contest, in which the north supported northern candidates and the south southern candidates." "Disunion was already completed in the hearts of the people," says Tourgee, "the sections simply fell apart because there was no cohesion." These opinions of philosophic observers long after the struggle, have their value.

THE CONFEDERACY FORMED.

Jefferson Davis Sees Washington for the Last Time.

South Carolina led off in secession; Mississippi soon followed, and five more states. It is idle to recount the futile attempts at compromise. Senator Davis was named one of the committee of thirteen in the senate, but asked to be excused on the ground that propositions for compromise at such a time ought to come from northern men, and men whose party standing was a guarantee of good faith—a position highly praised in the north at the time. A little later he consented to assist, saying:



THE WHITE HOUSE OF THE CONFEDERACY.

"If, in the opinion of others, it be possible for me to do anything for the public good, the last moment while I stand here is at the command of the senate. If I could see any means by which I could avert the catastrophe of a struggle between the sections of the union, my past life, I hope, gives evidence of the readiness with which I would make the effort. If there be any sacrifice which I could offer on the altar of my country to heal all the evils, present or prospective, no man has the right to doubt my readiness to do it."

With only two or three exceptions the departure of southern statesmen as their states seceded was singularly calm and dignified. On the 21st of January, 1861, the senators from Florida, Alabama and Mississippi withdrew. Mr. Blaine praises the manner of Senator Davis, adding: "No man gave up more than Mr. Davis in joining the revolt against the Union. In his farewell address to the senate there was a tone of moderation and dignity not unmixed with regretful and tender emotions."

Before Senator Davis could reach home Mississippi had appointed him commander in chief of all her forces, with the rank of major general. On the 4th of February, 1861, delegates from several states convened in Montgomery, Ala., and soon adopted a constitution for the Confederate states. On the 9th the convention unanimously elected Jefferson Davis president. Alexander H. Stephens was named for vice president and inaugurated at once. On the 16th Mr. Davis arrived; on the 18th he was inaugurated.

THE CONFEDERATE CABINET.

He named for his cabinet: Robert Toombs, of Georgia, secretary of state; Leroy Pope Walker, of Alabama, secretary of war; Charles G. Memminger, of South Carolina, secretary of the treasury; Stephen R. Mallory, of Florida, secretary of the navy; Judah P. Benjamin, attorney general, and John H. Reagan, of Texas, postmaster general. In the divisions which soon arose, Messrs. Toombs, Walker and Memminger retired; the others remained in the cabinet to the last. Mr. Benjamin was popularly credited with being the "ruling spirit." He was among the last to leave Richmond and to part with President Davis; he escaped arrest and imprisonment by flight to London, where he became a British subject, and soon entered on a career at the bar so brilliant and successful that it caused his American failures to be almost forgotten.

DAVIS IN PRISON.

The inaugural address of President Davis was read with breathless interest in every part of the country, as, in the prevalent ignorance and confusion, men sought in it the indications of peace or war. But it was not in the power of any man, however wise, at that time to give assurances. The most significant passage in it, perhaps, was this:

"We have entered upon a career of independence, and it must be inflexibly pursued. Through many years of controversy with our late associates of the northern states we have vainly endeavored to secure tranquillity, and obtain respect for the rights to which we are entitled. As a necessity, not of choice, we have resorted to the remedy of separation, and henceforth our energies must be directed to the conduct of our own affairs, and the perpetuity of the Confederacy which we have formed."

Commissioners were sent to Washington and fruitless negotiations conducted. Between the inauguration and the 1st of April public opinion in both sections turned to the contemplation of war. In vain did President Lincoln proclaim that he "certainly had no desire and believed he had no authority to interfere with slavery." In vain did President Davis reiterate that he longed to avoid the effusion of blood. On the 12th of April, 1861, the war began with the attack on Fort Sumter.

"The uprising of the north"—that most marvelous of all recent popular phenomena—followed at once. The uprising of the south was scarcely, if at all, less prompt and unanimous, save in the northern tier of states. Virginia seceded April 17; Tennessee and Arkansas followed May 6, and on May 20 North Carolina completed the list of eleven Confederate states. May 20 the Confederate government was transferred to Richmond, and President Davis followed in a few days. His journey was a continued ovation; his speeches were chiefly exhortations to unity and courage, with brief arguments which were merely variations of the clause in his first message to congress, April 29, viz., "All we ask is to be let alone—that those who never held power over us shall not attempt our subjugation by arms. This we will, we must, resist to the direst extremity."

At Montgomery the congress had already provided for "a vigorous prosecution of the war"—that is, for a loan of $50,000,000 at 8 per cent., in addition to a previous loan of $15,000,000, and the creation of an army which "might, in the discretion of the president, be increased to 100,000 men!" Privateering was also organized. The people responded with such alacrity that President Davis, on arriving at Richmond, had only to officially confirm their action. In a surprisingly short time 60,000 men were organized in Virginia, and fifteen vessels commissioned as privateers. The Federal government was also moving with a celerity that now seems wonderful, but to the impatient people at the time seemed criminal slackness. A blockade of all Confederate ports was proclaimed April 19, and nearly 100 vessels were soon armed to enforce it. By the 1st of July a Federal army of over 200,000 men was organized.

A PERSONAL DIGRESSION.

Faults of Administration Urged Against President Davis.

And here the biographer of Jefferson Davis is compelled to take notice of a controversy which went on in a quiet way during the war and more openly afterwards, till it reached a furious climax, and is still waged with much bitterness. Without indorsing the harsh philippics of Edwin Pollard and Gen. Thomas Jordan, or even the milder criticisms of Gens. Johnston and Beauregard, Federal and Confederate may now agree that President Davis made two serious—should one say fatal?—mistakes: the one was common to him and nearly all the leaders on both sides, the other peculiarly his own. It was a manifestation of that spirit which is often praised as the quality of "always sticking to one's friends"—a very amiable quality indeed in a private man, but one which in a commander-in-chief in time of war may be a criminal folly. A most unhappy instance is thus set forth by Gen. Thomas Jordan, chief of staff to Gen. Beauregard:

"Mr. Davis had been at West Point, and subsequently served for several years in the dragoons at a frontier post with a Lieut. Northrop, to whom he became attached. The latter was disabled by an accident, went to his home and turned parish doctor. Mr. Davis became in time a politician. Lieut. Northrop grew so eccentric and full of mental crotchets as to be generally regarded in Charleston as of unsound intellect and unfit for the management of his own small affairs. He had not served long enough in the army to acquire familiarity with military administration; neither had his avocation in Charleston brought him in relation with men engaged in large commercial affairs. This man, with whom Davis had no personal association since they were cavalry lieutenants together on the Indian frontier, he did not hesitate to make his chief of subsistence, nor scruple to intrust with the organization and administration of a bureau upon which the very existence of the Confederate armies must depend, and for the labors of which it is apparent the soundest practical order of intellect was essential."

It would be easy to find Confederates of high rank and approved judgment in military affairs who still look upon this appointment and two others as the main causes of the downfall of the Confederacy.

WHO FORESAW A LONG WAR?

As to the other charge so persistently urged, that Mr. Davis was "not able to comprehend the proportions of the struggle impending," the obvious answer is, Who was? A few, a very few, thoughtful men in the north, who drew their conclusions largely from history, predicted a long and bitter struggle; in the south it is exceedingly doubtful if there were fifty men who believed the contest would outlast a year. If there was one who, from the beginning, anticipated a four years' war, he succeeded admirably in concealing his views. That President Davis, his cabinet and all his advisers shared the current delusion that the war would be short and its theatre confined principally to the coast and the border between the two sections, is certain. Such belief was the parent of many errors.

In the first place, it was estimated that the south had almost arms enough, and the first order sent to Europe was for but 10,000 Enfield rifles! Before the blockade could be made effective it was urged that the Confederate government should take the cotton and tobacco, of which a large stock was still on hand, issue bonds to pay the owners, export the stuff to Europe, and make it the basis of a fund to draw upon. The owners generally were willing, and the effect would have been tremendous. At the same time a considerable amount of foreign exchange in the banks was offered to the government on favorable terms. Both propositions were rejected or ignored, and the golden opportunity soon passed, never to return. It should be noted also that the legislation of the provisional congress, and of the first session of the regular congress at Richmond, shows the same lack of perception as to the greatness of the impending struggle.

On the Federal side of the line much of the froth and nonsense about "a short war" was swept away by the battle of Bull Run; the task was done for all time. After the battle thoughtful men both north and south made up their minds that the war was to be [illegible] closely fought to a close. The north erred often in expecting great and decisive victories; the south quite as often in expecting foreign interference or a division in the north. True, Mr. Benjamin at Richmond continued to promise "pacification in ninety days" long after Mr. Seward at Washington had ceased to do so, but he found few echoes.

AN APPALLING DIFFICULTY.

The victory of Bull Run produced great exultation in the south, but appears to have had a decidedly sobering effect upon President Davis and cabinet. It may now be considered proved that he was in for aggressive action immediately after that battle, but yielded to the adverse opinions of Johnston and Beauregard, and thereafter, with rare exceptions, insisted upon a defensive policy. During the long period of inaction which followed he embraced every opportunity to declare his earnest desire for peace. He even excited criticism by suggesting conciliatory measures; for many months all his utterances were amplifications of that passage in his first regular message. "The moment that this pretense of our subjugation is abandoned, the sword will drop from our grasp and we shall be ready to enter into treaties of amity and friendship."

MR. DAVIS' HOUSE, BEAUVOIR.

In November, 1861, a general election was held, and President Davis and Vice President Stephens were re-elected for the full term of six years. Feb. 18, 1862, the first congress under the permanent constitution assembled in Richmond; on the 22d, President Davis was inaugurated, and delivered a carefully prepared message. Disasters had already set in, to continue with scarcely an intermission for three months. Before President Davis was this ominous situation: In all the Confederate states there were not quite 6,000,000 white people, among whom the per cent. of men capable of bearing arms was surprisingly small. In the Federal or "adhering states," excluding all the doubtful and disputed strip, were at least 18,000,000 white people, among whom the per cent. of adult males was phenomenally, one might say unnaturally, large.

By the census of 1860 the south contained about 200,000 more women than men, the north about 400,000 more men than women; so the north could send into the field 600,000 men and still have at home a percentage of men equal to that of the south in peace. Of the enormous immigration of 1845-'61, consisting largely of young and strong men, only 3 per cent. had located in the south. This explains the paradox that such states as Kansas and Nevada sent a larger per cent. of their total population into the field than any state of the south, and yet had many more men left at home than older states ever have during the longest peace. The disparity in wealth was far greater—by some estimates four times as great. Without accepting so strong a statement it may yet be admitted that the Federals were three times as numerous and eight times as rich as the Confederates.

"THE LOST CAUSE."

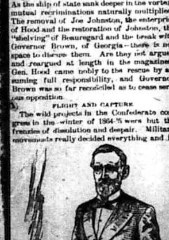
The Confederacy Overthrown—Twenty-five Years in Peace.

Nevertheless hope and confidence were strong. President Davis' first state papers showed great ability, and he assented, somewhat reluctantly, to a conscription law, which was among the first acts passed by the congress. It excited much opposition, of course, and a little later the habeas corpus was suspended in a district ten miles around Richmond, and a military police organized under Gen. Winder, which continued during the remainder of the war. The summer closed favorably to the Confederates, though they regained little or none of the ground lost in the spring; and in December President Davis made a tour of the western camps, from which he returned greatly encouraged. In April, 1863, he issued a rather exulting address to the people, but the claims in it were just. The Confederacy was then at its maximum as a military power. The disasters of that summer from Gettysburg to Vicksburg need not be detailed. The year closed under the black shadow of coming doom.

The real greatness of Jefferson Davis shone conspicuously as disasters thickened. He resolutely defended his appointees, and assumed the responsibility wherever it was not clearly theirs. He regained the hearts of the people and almost nullified the opposition in the congress. A committee of investigation entered upon its work in a hostile spirit, and ended by indorsing almost every one of the president's acts, and even exonerated him from serious blame in the matter of Commissary Northrop. He exerted himself heroically in preparing for the campaign of 1864, and it opened with some slight successes. All the rest of the year presents a painful record of desperate struggle against the inevitable; every victory was barren, every defeat irremediable. As the ship of state sank deeper in the vortex mutual recriminations naturally multiplied. The removal of Joe Johnston, the enterprise of Hood and the restoration of Johnston, the "shelving" of Beauregard and the break with Governor Brown, of Georgia—there is not space to discuss them. Are they not argued and reargued at length in the magazines? Gen. Hood came nobly to the rescue by assuming full responsibility, and Governor Brown was so far reconciled as to cease serious opposition.

FLIGHT AND CAPTURE.

The wild projects in the Confederate congress in the winter of 1864-'5 were but the frenzies of dissolution and despair. Military movements really decided everything and in them this fact was ever prominent: A man lost by Grant could be replaced if desired by three; a man lost by Lee was a final loss. On the 2d of April, 1865, seated in his pew in St. Paul's church, Richmond, President Davis received the dispatch from Gen. Lee announcing his complete discomfiture. At 8 p. m. the president, cabinet and other officials left for Danville, at which point President Davis issued his last proclamation, his last state paper. Ten days later he was at Greensboro, N. C.; a week later he halted at Charlotte, where he first learned that $100,000 reward had been offered for his capture as an instigator of the assassination of President Lincoln. All men now admit that the charge was false.



JEFFERSON DAVIS.
[From a recent portrait.]

Another week found him almost alone, a fugitive in the forests of Georgia, with his wife and a few devoted adherents. On the 10th of May he was captured near Irwinville, Ga., by a body of cavalry under Lieut. Col. Pritchard. "Mr. Davis," says one of his captors, "had on when arrested an ordinary suit, with a very long raglan overcoat and a shawl on his shoulders." In the dim light of morning he was at first taken for a woman, hence the story so widely published. He was conveyed at once to Fortress Monroe, which he entered on the 19th of May, to remain a captive for nearly two years.

And so all was over. The Southern Confederacy had dropped to pieces like a house of cards, and its president, once the beloved colonel, the honored senator, the Federal secretary of war, the successful statesman and aspiring politician, was a prisoner—in irons! Yes, all that was bright and hopeful was gone; nothing now remained but to hang the prisoner, as had been so often promised; to write his history so as to fix his name in infamy, and in no long time his own people would disown him as the cause of their woes. All this, in the opinion of many sanguine ones, was soon to be. Only it did not prove so.

The world was now to witness another of those revulsions in popular feeling which so often delight the emotional and puzzle the philosophic. At sight of this sorely stricken man all southern criticism was instantly hushed, and in due time thoughts of something far nobler than vengeance pervaded the north. Mr. Davis bore his sufferings with such Roman fortitude that southern hearts were knitted to him as never before. His critics apologized, even when truth was on their side. His wife shared his captivity and excited the world's interest in his case. His first wife, daughter of Gen. Taylor, had died many years before, but the one who shared his fortunes as official and as captive was a lady of refinement and intellect worthy of any station. His oldest and most inveterate opponents were first to soften; the Abolitionists urged clemency, and in May, 1867, before the United States circuit court at Richmond, Horace Greeley and Gerritt Smith joined with many southern men in signing his bail bond. He had been formally indicted for treason; but, in December, 1868, by the same court, a nolle prosequi was entered, and the case of "The United States vs. Jefferson Davis" was ended forever and to the satisfaction of almost every American.

RETIREMENT AND A QUIET LIFE.

After a brief tour in Europe he located at Memphis as president of a life insurance company, but soon retired to private life, to emerge only at long intervals, each time to receive renewed expressions of affection and sympathy. A bequest by a southern lady gave him a lovely home at Beauvoir, Miss., on the shore of the gulf. The loss of his son, a manly gentleman, by yellow fever at Memphis, was a severe blow; but his wife and two daughters remained to him. Of these the younger, Varina Davis, affectionately known as Winnie, is styled "The Child of the Confederacy," having been born in the presidential mansion in Richmond during the war. She has lately shown literary ability of a high order, and may yet rank among the noted authoresses of America. In no act was the wisdom of America's rulers more conspicuously displayed than in extending clemency to Jefferson Davis. His existence for twenty-five years after the war has been a continuous monument of the ability which recreated the nation, and to the magnanimity of the victors.

WINNIE DAVIS,
"The Child of the Confederacy."

LONGFELLOW'S MAIDEN,
who is—
"Standing, with reluctant feet,
Where the brook and river meet.
Womanhood and childhood fleet!"
is a type of thousands of young girls who are emerging from the chrysalis stage of their existence, as they enter upon their "teens." Nervous, excitable, irritable, stirred by strange, unknowable forces within them, each a mystery unto herself, our girls need the tenderest care, the most loving, patient oversight, and the aid of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, to safely carry them through this critical period, during which, in too many lives, alas, are sown the seeds of distressing forms of diseases peculiar to the female sex. But this boon to womankind will prevent all such diseases, or cure them if they have already seized a victim. Woman owes it to herself, to her family, and to her social station, to be well and strong. Let her then not neglect the sure means of cure. "Favorite Prescription" is a legitimate medicine, carefully compounded by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organization. It is purely vegetable in its composition and perfectly harmless in its effects in any condition of the system. Sold by druggists: $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00.
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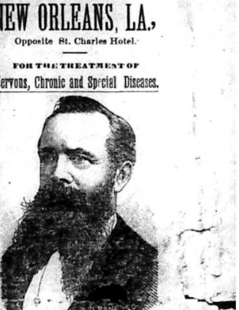

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URETHRAL STRICTURE permanently cured, removal complete—neither knife, caustic nor dilation—without pain or injury. Proof indisputable.
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Is based upon facts. First, practical experience; second, every case is especially studied, thus starting aright; third, medicines are prepared in our laboratory exactly to suit each case, thus effecting cures without injury.
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Ewbank's "Topaz" Cinchona Cordial. The GEM OF NERVE TONICS. Cures MALARIA, FEVER AND AGUE, CHILLS AND FEVER, DENGUE FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, prevents CHOLERA, cures SICK HEADACHE, NERVOUS HEADACHE. Gives Life and Vigor to the debilitated. Endorsed by leading physicians. . . . . At all Druggists at $1.00
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Ewbank's "Topaz" Blood Pills. A Positive cure for SCROFULA in all forms, BLOOD TAINT, CONTAMINATION of the BLOOD BY SYPHILITIC taint or abuse of Mercurial Medicines, SYPHILITIC CUTANEOUS AFFECTIONS, BLOOD POISON, OLD SORES, &c. A vial for 50 cents goes as far as the bottled forms of blood medicines selling for two or three times their cost. 50 cents per vial, fifty pills. . . . All druggists.
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MERIDIAN MOURNS.

As One Man, Her heart Throbs with Sorrow.

The Board of Trade Adopts Suitable Resolutions.

The Confederate Veterans and a Citizen's Meeting Held Last Night.

Resolutions of Sympathy Sent to Mrs. Davis—Committees Appointed.

Board of Trade.

The Board of Trade and Cotton Exchange met in called session yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock for the purpose of adopting resolutions and devising a plan for the proper method of participating in the funeral of Hon. Jefferson Davis, President of the Southern Confederacy.

President Geo. F. Coleman called the meeting to order and stated the object of the meeting.

Mr. T. C. Carter stated that there could be a meeting of the Confederate Veterans and citizens at the Court House at 7 o'clock, and while he thought it would be proper for the Board to take action in the matter, he suggested that a committee of five be appointed to co-operate with a like committee to be appointed at the meeting at the Court House to draft resolutions and to formulate a plan for the occasion.

Mr. Carter's suggestion as to a committee, being put in the form of a motion, it was adopted and the chair appointed Messrs. T. C. Carter, H. Sidney King, Jno. D. McInnis, B. F. Quarles and H. M. Threefoot to compose the committee from the Board of Trade.

Mr. Jno. W Broach moved that the Exchange be draped and that it be closed on the the day of Mr. Davis' funeral. Adopted.

Mr. H. Sidney King moved that a committee of three be appointed to ask the Meridian brass band to furnish the meeting at the Court House with the music of the occasion. Adopted.

The President appointed on this committee, Messrs. Henry Brooke, Jno. W. Broach and Ed Metzger.

Mr. Henry Brooke moved that the Board recommend that all business houses of the city be closed on the day of Mr. Davis' funeral. Adopted.

The president called on Col. J. R. McIntosh to respond at the Court House meeting on behalf of the Board of Trade.

Col. McIntosh accepted the compliment, but suggested that the present was not the fitting time for speech-making. That, he thought, could be done better and more fittingly on the day when the citizens had assembled to do honor to the memory of Mr. Davis. It is an occasion, said Col. McIntosh, which fills all hearts with mourning and no common words can properly express the feeling of any heart and he thought it would be well to show no undue haste in an event so momentous.

On motion the Board adjourned to meet at the Court House at 7 o'clock.

Citizens Meeting.

A large meeting of the citizens here was held at the Court House last night, for the purpose of giving forth expressions of condolence and sorrow in consequence of the death of Mr. Jefferson Davis which sad event occurred in the city of New Orleans on the morning of the sixth inst.

Upon motion, Capt. John W. Fewell was elected to the chair and Mr. John D. McInnis, appointed secretary.

Captain Fewell, in a few brief remarks stated the object of the meeting.

Judge J. S. Hamm moved that a committee of three be appointed to draft resolutions commemorative and suitable to the occasion.

Col. J. R. McIntosh rose, and said that the Board of Trade had appointed a committee of five to co-operate with a committee to be appointed at the citizens' meeting, and moved that these be added. making it a committee of eight, with Judge Hamm as chairman.

Col. McIntosh's motion was adopted, and the chair appointed as the committee of three Judge J. S. Hamm, Capt. Joel P. Walker and Mayor Thos. H. Griffin, and to this committee added the committee of five from the Board of Trade, consisting of Messrs. T. C. Carter, H. Sidney King, Jno. D. McInnis, B. F. Quarles and H. M. Threefoot.

The committee retired to draft the resolutions.

On the return of the committee, its chairman, Judge Hamm, announced that his committee was ready to report.

Rev. Mr. Gavin said before the resolutions were read, he would move that Rev. Mr. Leavell be requested to lead the meeting in prayer.

After Rev. Mr. Leavell's invocation, the Queen City band played a dirge. At its conclusion Judge Hamm read the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted by a standing vote.

We, the people of the city of Meridian, assembled in public meeting, on the occasion of the death of our illustrious fellowcitizen, Jefferson Davis,

Resolved, That we have received with profound sorrow intelligence of the death of Jefferson Davis. Though Mr. Davis passed much of his life in public service upon other theaters, yet Mississippi always claimed him as peculiarly her own, and cherished a just pride in him as her great representative citizen, and this love and admiration he repaid with unbounded devotion. To him the call of Mississippi to duty was ever as the voice of God. When the State sent her sons forth to vindicate the rights and maintain the honor of the country in a foreign land, the commissioned Jefferson Davis as the leader, and guided by his skill and gallantry, these citizen-soldiers won for him and themselves and their State imperishable laurels.

As one of her representatives in the Federal Senate, Mr. Davis stood the peer of the greatest in that august body. As a statesman, he ranked with the first in the land. His stainless honor and the great ability and perfect fidelity with which he discharged every duty and executed every trust confided to him, gained for Mr. Davis the respect and admiration, not only of his own State, but of the whole country.

When an extraordinary crisis in the affairs of the country constrained Mississippi and her Southern sisters to enter upon a great and perilous movement for the maintenance of their rights and the defence of their institutions, obedient to their call, Mr. Davis became their civil head and leader; and when that movement ended in disaster and he became a victim to the merciless rage of the enemies of his section, he endured with heroic fortitude all the indignities which their ingenuity could invent and their malice inflict.

Mr. Davis long since passed into the domain of history, and at no page of that history which contains the record of his life and actions will any Mississippian ever have occasion to blush.

Though dead, Mr. Davis yet speaks to us and to all. He speaks to us by his noble example, by the unsullied purity of his life, by his unswerving fidelity to his convictions, by his [illegible] ing devotion to duty, and by his readiness to peril all else, and, if need be, lose all else, in defense of liberty and right.

Resolved, That we express our readiness to co-operate with our fellow-citizens in any measures they may see fit to adopt to mark by some durable memorial their sense of the worth of Jefferson Davis.

J. S. HAMM,
J. P. WALKER,
T. H. GRIFFIN,
Committee.

Capt. Joel P. Walker then offered a resolution, providing for a special committee of ten citizens to act in concert with five members of the Confederate veterans, whose duty it shall be to arrange for a general memorial service in honor of Mr. Davis, to be held upon the day set apart for his burial. The chair appointed upon this committee:

Joel P. Walker,	Thos. H. Griffin,
John D. McInnis,	R. M. Bourdeaux,
Rev. W. H. Leavill,	H. M. Threefoot,
B. F. Quarles,	E. J. Martin,

B. V. White.
On the part of citizens.

S. B. Watts,	G. M. Hess,
R. M. Houston,	W. S. Harris,

A. A. Dillehay,
On the part of veterans.

[NOTE—This committee is requested to meet at Walker & Hall's office this morning at 10 o'clock.

Upon motion, a committee of condolence was appointed to tender a message of condolence to Mrs Davis.

The chairman appointed upon this committee,

H. Sidney King,
J. R. McIntosh, Thos. H. Griffin.

The committee forwarded the following telegram last night:

MERIDIAN, December 6 1889.
Mrs. Varina Howell Davis, care Judge C. E. Fenner, New Orleans, La.

Honored Madame:—At a mass meeting of the people of Meridian held tonight we were instructed to telegraph you the condolence of our people in the great affliction which you have suffered. The people of Meridian beg to mingle our tears with yours. You have lost a beloved husband: the people of the South have lost a beloved father: the world a great man. This great love of our people and the heartfelt expression of their grief, will not, we feel assured, be deemed an intrusion upon yours. We hope it may lighten the burden of your sorrow.

H. S. KING, Ch'm'n.

Upon motion, Col. J. R. McIntosh was appointed chairman of a special committee on behalf of the Confederate veterans to transmit the following telegram to Mrs. Davis:

MERIDIAN, Miss., December 6, 1889.
Mrs. Varina Howell Davis, New Orleans, La., Care of Judge Chas. E. Fenner:

The Confederate Veterans' Association of Meridian, by resolution, has instructed the undersigned as a committee to tender to you a beautiful lot in our cemetery for the interment of the sacred remains of your and our honored dead, and, assure you, if this earnest request is granted, we will keep green the grass upon his grave with our tears, and guard his resting place with the vigilance of undying affection.

J. R. MCINTOSH, Ch'm'n.

This interesting meeting then adjourned, subject to the Memorial Committee.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, December 6.—For Mississippi:

Fair; stationary temperature; southerly winds.

HAT IN THE AIR.

When our friend Mc, of the Times-Democrat, saw that his paper, published one hour and fifteen minutes after Mr. Davis' death, contained portrait and two pages devoted to his eventful career, he (Mc) rent the air with his silk hat. Blessed is the paper that has a bold boomer on all occasions.

IN HONOR OF THE DEAD.

Nearly every building in the city is in mourning in honor of the dead chieftain. Soon after the news reached the city Mr. Geo. B. Opp, of the Meridian Waterworks, draped his building in a most artistic manner, THE NEWS followed the good example set, and soon many hands were busy at this work. Jos. Baum, Marks Rothenberg & Co., Quarles Rogers & Bounds, Broach Bros., John Moseley and many others have extensive drapery on their buildings.

For a first class hot or cold lunch by day or night go to Ernest Stolz's restaurant.

Oh, What a Cough.

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves croup and whooping cough at once. Mothers do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by J. M. Kimbrough.

From an Eminent Soldier and Statesman.

Atlanta, Ga., October 7. 1887.
Mr. A. K. Hawkes, Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sir: The pantiscopic glasses furnished by you some time since give excellent satisfaction. I have tested them by use, and must say they are unsurpassed in clearness and brilliancy by any that I have ever worn.
Respectfully, J. B. GORDON.

All eyes fitted free of charge by Oscar Lillybeck, druggist and optician.

Is Consumption Incurable?

Read the following: Mr. C. H Morris, Newark, Ark., says: "Was down with Abscess of Lungs, and friends and physicians pronounced me an Incurable Consumptive. Began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, am now on my third bottle, and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made."

Jesse Middlewart, Decatur, Ohio, says: "Had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption I would have died of Lung Troubles. Was given up by doctors. Am now in best of health." Try it. Sample bottles free at A. J. Peck's drug store.

Don't suffer from weakness and debility. Don't let gloom and despondency take possession of the human heart. Get health, get strength, get power of endurance from using B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm). (4)

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best female nurses and physicians in the United States and it has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. During the process of teething its value is invaluable. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhoea, griping in the bowels and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents bottle.
se18-1y

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

It is not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly, and if it does no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by J. M. Kimbrough.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. J. Peck.

In addition to the large and well assorted stock of Gaston & Sattie, they are receiving a fresh lot of figs, [illegible] raisins, prunes, currants, citron, [illegible] dates, etc. In fact they have every thing that would tempt the appetite. [illegible]

THE MARKETS.

COTTON.

MERIDIAN, December 6.

Liverpool woke up dull this morning at a decline of 1 point, braced up firm at 1 o'clock with the point regained, and closed quiet and steady at a point advance over Thursday's quotations.

New York on the other hand opened steady at an advance of 1 point ranged from steady to barely steady during the day, and wound up at Thursday's figures.

The spot markets remain unchanged.

The week's port receipts, which closed today, showed a perpendicular drop of 29,000 bales below last week, the total being 259,095 bales, against 249,000 bales for the same week last year and 248,000 bales for year before last.

The port receipts since September 1 foot up 3,339,000 against 2,851,000 last year and 3,362,000 for year before last.

Local receipts were fairly good. The market still rules at 9½.

ELSEWHERE.

GALVESTON, December 6.—Spots closed firm. Middling 9 11-16. Sales 1187 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, December 6.—Spots firm, quotations revised. Middling 9¾. Sales 8500 bales.

MOBILE, [illegible] quiet. Mid[illegible]

MEMPHIS [illegible] steady. M[illegible]

NEW YO[illegible] quiet, stead[illegible] 10¾, Orlean[illegible] steady. Sa[illegible]

December	[illegible]
January	[illegible]
February	[illegible]
March	[illegible]
April	[illegible]
May	[illegible]
June	[illegible]
July	[illegible]
August	10.01@10.0[illegible]
September	10.08@10.10

LIVERPOOL, December 6, Noon.—Cotton quiet, easier. American middling 5⅝. Sales 8,000 bales, speculation and export 1000. Receipts 27,000. American 26,800.

December	5 37-64
December-January	5 37-64
January-February	5 37-64
February-March	5 37-64
March-April	5 38-64
April-May	5 40 64
May-June	5 42-64
June-July	5 43-64
July-August	5 45-64

Futures closed quiet but steady.

Glenny & Violett's Statement.

Special to The News.

NEW ORLEANS, December 6.—Glenny & Violett in their report to-day say:

The strong feature of this market is the demand for spot cotton, sales of which today are again large. Good ordinary and below advanced ⅛ with low middling 1-16, which is having the effect of strengthening the near positions and is evidently caused by the difficulty of buying at the interior points, where holders are very independent, and thus forcing buyers to where stocks are larger and relatively cheaper. Besides this, cotton that has been bought and en route for this port is either delayed in shipment or there is a difficulty in getting it after its arrival here on account of larger amounts of cotton coming to this port, making delivery by railroads slow and troublesome. There is still indisposition to sell spring months, and though business was small, the market was very steady. It looks as though spots this year will control largely the price of futures instead of the reverse, as in most years. New York closes barely steady at last night's prices on near months and a point better on late months. Liverpool closes quiet and steady 1-64 higher than last night.

A letter from prominent Eastern spinners says the prevailing estimate there is about .73; that consumption is larger than last year; mills running full time, but that they will hardly buy more freely until after the first of the year.

Receipts for the week at the ports 259,000 against 242,000 last year, and 287,000 last week. Interior receipts 129,000 against 128,000 last year. Interior stocks 237,000 against 313,000 last year.

F. o. b. still in very limited demand, owing to the fact that the interior is asking too much.

Spots firm, sales 8500 bales, middling 9¾.

Sun's Cotton Review.

NEW YORK, December 6.—Futures opened little weak in sympathy with Liverpool, but as that market turned stronger and it was seen that port receipts are likely to fall below estimates, a slight advance took place with fairly active buying of January options. The upward tendency, however, was held in check by interior receipts proving large, especially at some river towns in the Southwest, and the changes from yesterday were slight.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

NEW ORLEANS, December 6.—Coffee quiet, firm. Rio common to prime 16½ to 20¼. Rice quiet, ordinary to good 3⅜ to 4⅜. Sugar firm, open kettle strictly prime 4 13-16; prime 4¾; fully fair 4⅝ to 4 11-16; good fair 4 7-16 to 4½; fair 4 5-16 to 4⅜; common to good common 4¼ to 4¼, centrifugal plantation granulated 7 off do 6¾ to 6⅞; 7 1-16; choice white 6 5-16 to 6 11-16; choice yellow clarified 6¼ to 6 3-16. Molasses steady, open kettle fancy 43; choice 41; strictly prime 38 to 40; prime 35 to 36, good prime 35 to 36. good fair 32 to 34; fair 30 to 31. centrifugals fancy 32; choice 30; strictly prime 24; good prime 20 to 21; prime 18 to 20. Syrup 30 to 36.

CHICAGO, December 6.—Cash quotations were: Flour quiet, unchanged, No. 2 corn 31⅝; No. 2 oats 20½ to 20¾; mess pork 9 50 to 9 60; lard 5 97½; short ribs 4 95 to 5 20, shoulders 4 12½ to 4 25; short clear 5 05 to 5 10. Whisky 1.02.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., December 6.—Flour quiet, unchanged. Wheat higher, No. 2 red 78¼ to 78⅝; Corn higher, No. 2 mixed 27⅜; Oats nominal, No. 2 20; Whisky 1 02. Provisions very quiet.

NAVAL STORES.

WILMINGTON, N. C., December 6.—Turpentine steady at 41½; rosin firm strained 90; good strained 95 tar firm. 1.25. Crude turpentine firm hard 1.25, yellow dip and virgin 2.25.

SAVANNAH, December 6.—Turpentine steady at 41½; rosin dull 1 15 to 1 12.

CHARLESTON, December 6.—Turpentine firm 41½; rosin nothing doing, good strained 1.20.

MERIDIAN MARKET.

WHOLESALE PRICE LIST.

GROCERIES.

C. R. bacon	6¾ to 7
D. S. cribs	6 to 6½
S. C. hams, per lb	11½ to 15
Lard	6¾ to 8
Sugar	6½ to 7
Coffee	19 to 23
Molasses	25 to 46
Rice	4½ to 5[illegible]
Salt	90 to 1 [illegible]
Tobacco	23 to 45
Cigars	15 00 to 50 [illegible]
Corn	55 to 58
Oats	37 to 50
Hay	15 00 to 20 [illegible]
Cotton seed meal	20 00 to 22 [illegible]
Flour	4 00 to 5 [illegible]
Stick candy	10 to 11
Fancy candy	15 to 30

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

RETAIL MARKET.

[illegible]	2 00 to 2 [illegible]
[illegible]	17 to [illegible]
[illegible]	15 to [illegible]

MERIDIAN WOOL MARKET.

Wool, burry	[illegible]
Unwashed	[illegible]
Washed	[illegible]

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
[illegible]

Combines the juice of the Blue Figs of California, so laxative and nutritious, with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming the ONLY PERFECT REMEDY to act gently yet promptly on the

KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
—AND TO—
Cleanse the System Effectually.
—SO THAT—
PURE BLOOD,
REFRESHING SLEEP,
HEALTH and STRENGTH

Naturally follow. Every one is using it and all are delighted with it. Ask your druggist for SYRUP OF FIGS.

HIDE MARKET.

Dry salt hides over 8 lbs	4½
" " under 8 lbs	3
Dry flint over 8 lbs	5 to 6
under 8 lbs	3

MISCELLANEOUS.

Stock peas	75
White peas	1 50 to 2 00
Beeswax	17 to 20
Sweet potatoes	50 to 60

We have a speedy and positive cure for catarrh, diptheria, canker mouth and headache in Shiloh's catarrh remedy. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. [illegible] Kim[illegible]

[illegible] cure of [illegible] and Indigestion try [illegible] Entire satisfaction [illegible] money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and 1.00 per bottle at A. J. Peck's Drug Store. 5

What so wonderful, as a severe cough cured by Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for [illegible] cents. Try it!

UNDERWEAR & SCARFS.
The largest stock in the city.
Prices reduced to cash buyers until January 1st.
Quarles, Rogers & Bounds.

Sanitary Notice.

Mr. W. T. Lacy, who is the regularly authorized Sanitary Officer for the city will give his personal attention to the entire and perfect cleansing of all premises at most reasonable rates. Send your orders to the Abe Rosenbaum's stable, or Kimbrough's drug store, and they will receive prompt attention. may4t

PAST ALL PRECEDENT!
Over TWO MILLIONS Distributed

L.S.L.

Louisiana State Lottery Co.,

Incorporated by the Legislature in 1868, for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote

Its GRAND EXTRAORDINRY DRAWINGS take place Semi-Annually (June and December), and its GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS take place in each of the other ten months in the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS,
For Integrity of its Drawings, and Prompt Payment of Prizes.

Attested as follows:

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

R. M. WALMSLEY, Pres. La. Nat. Bank
PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State Nat'l Bk.
A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat. Bk
CARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank

Mammoth Drawing
At the Academy of Music, New Orleans
Tuesday, December 17, 1889.

CAPITAL PRIZE $600,000

100,000 Tickets at $40; Halves $20; Quarters $10; Eighths $5; Twentieths $2; Fortieths $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 PRIZE OF	$600,000 is	$600,000
1 PRIZE OF	200,000 is	200,000
1 PRIZE OF	100,000 is	100,000
1 PRIZE OF	50,000 is	50,000
2 PRIZES OF	20,000 are	40,000
5 PRIZES OF	10,000 are	50,000
25 PRIZES OF	2,000 are	50,000
100 PRIZES OF	800 are	80,000
200 PRIZES OF	600 are	120,000
500 PRIZES OF	400 are	200,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Prizes of	$1,000 are	$100,000
100 do of	800 are	80,000
100 do of	400 are	40,000

TWO NUMBER TERMINALS.

1998 Prizes of $200 are	$399,600
3,144 Prizes amounting to	$2,159,600

NOTE.—Tickets drawing Capital Prizes are not entitled to terminal Prizes.

AGENTS WANTED.

For Club Rates, or any further information desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with State, County, Street and Number. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an Envelope bearing your full address.

IMPORTANT.

Address M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.
or M. A. DAUPHIN
Washington, D. C.

By ordinary letter, containing Money Order, issued by all Express Companies, New York Exchange, Draft or Postal Note.

ADDRESS REGISTERED LETTERS CONTAINING CURRENCY TO
NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

"REMEMBER, that the payment of Prizes is GUARANTEED BY FOUR NATIONAL BANKS of New Orleans, and the Tickets are signed by the President of an Institution, whose chartered rights are recognized in the highest Courts; therefore, beware of all imitations or anonymous schemes."

ONE DOLLAR is the price of the smallest part or fraction of a ticket ISSUED BY US in any Drawing. Anything in our name offered for less than a Dollar is a swindle.

DR. HOLLOWAY,
—THE—
Old Reliable Specialist,
[illegible]

A REQUEST.

WE trust the reader of this paper will glance over the testimony given below concerning Atlanta's great gift to suffering humanity, the Botanic Blood Balm. Sufferers should write to the Blood Balm Co., of Atlanta, Ga., for their illustrated "Book of Wonders," filled with additional true testimony of wonderful cures. At their office in Atlanta, the Blood Balm Co. will be happy to [illegible] her [illegible] sores, improved her general health, and she is now getting as fat as a pig."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

W. H. HENDERSON, Macon, Ga., writes: "I suffered six years from blood poison. Four bottles P B. B. did me more good than all other medicines I have ever taken."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

DR. A. R. JAYNES & SON, Lutesville, Mo., writes: "We sell twelve bottles of B. B. B. to one of another blood purifier ten times as widely advertised."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

R. S. ELSON, Clover Bottom, Tenn., writes: "I had an ugly running sore on my leg. My daughter had a similar sore below her knee. B. B. B. cured us both. It is the only remedy that ever did her or me any good."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

H. L. CASSIDY, Kennesaw, Ga., writes: "My wife was a great sufferer from scrofula. Three bottles of B. B. B. has made her a perfectly healthy woman."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

A. F. PARKER, Willow City, Texas, writes, "I have taken B. B. B for paralysis, and received great benefit."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

SAMUEL LEEMAN, Ridgeway, Tex., writes: "I was afflicted with sores and boils all over my body; heard of Botanic Blood Balm, and gave it trial Under its use the disease entirely disappeared."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

J. R. WILSON, Glen Alpine, N. C., writes: "My leg was amputated below the knee on account of blood poison and bone affection. A big running sore, four inches across, came on me after it was cut off. I was given up by the doctors but have got well by using Botanic Blood Balm, and also gained very much in weight."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

MRS. B. O. SHEPHERD, No. 302, East Main Street, Norfolk, Va., writes: "I received so much benefit from a use of B. B. B. It is a great medicine."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

W. SOUTHERLAND, Bardston, Ky., writes: "I never found anything to do me so much good as Botanic Blood Balm."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

W. W. ALEXANDER, Madisonville, Ky., writes: "One bottle B. B. B. cured me of severe rheumatism."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

J. H. OTLAW, Mt. Olive, N. C., writes: "One bottle of B. B. B. entirely cured me of rheumatism."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

LEW JOHNSON, Belmont Station, Miss., writes: "My body, neck, face and ears and scalp, were all covered with sores, and my hair came out. I lost my appetite and was very feeble. I am using B. B. B. and the sores are all healing and going away."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

JOHN MATTINGLY, Louisville, Ky writes: "I suffered from pains in back and severe kidney disease. All the medicine I had taken did me no good. I took one bottle of B. B. B. and have not had a pain since."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

M. E. ROBERTS, Bloomingdale, Ala., writes: "B. B. B. healed thirty-three running sores on my body, and I feel very grateful for the good it has done me."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

G. W. MESSER, Howell's X Roads Ga., writes: "B. B. B. cured me of chronic sores that had troubled me for years, and which other remedies did no good."

B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.

J. A. CAYCE, Pulaski, Tenn., writes: "I have used B. B. B. in my family and consider it a valuable blood purifier. (4)

[illegible]
STATE BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Opens Day and Night Session Tuesday, September 3d. Superior facilities in English department. Thorough instruction in Bookkeeping, Penmanship, etc. Call at College for particulars.
FRY & OSTIEN, Principals.

THE BROWN HOUSE
A. J. BROWN, PROPRIETOR.
Newton, Miss.
Is convenient to the depot, and is one of the best hotels on the line of the [illegible] The table is always supplied with the best the market affords, and the [illegible]

ORMOND [illegible] CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
WHOLESALE GROCERS
Provisions, Tobacco and Cigars a Specialty.
CORNER 4TH ST. AND 22D AVE., MERIDIAN, MISS.
Special Attention to Cotton Consignments and Quick Returns.

[illegible]

[illegible]	[illegible] a m	11:25 p m
Lv Meridian - -	4:45 a m	11:50 p m
Leave Enterprise	———	12:25 a m
Leave Ellisville		1:50 a m
Leave Hattiesburg	7:20 a m	2:35 a m
Arrive New Orleans	11:00 a m	6:30 a m
Leave Meridian	5:10 a m	———
Leave Newton	6:22 a m	———
Leave Forest	7:02 a m	———
Leave Brandon	8:?8 a m	———
Leave Jackson	9:10 a m	———
Leave Vicksburg	11:24 a m	———
Arrive Shreveport	8:30 p m	———
NORTH-BOUND.		
	No. 2.	No. 6.
Leave New Orleans	3:35 p m	7:15 a m
Leave Hattiesburg	7:20 p. m.	11:30 a m
Leave Ellisville	———	12:16 p m
Leave Enterprise	———	1:55 p m
Ar Meridian - -	9:50 p m	2:35 p m
Leave Shreveport	6:00 a m	———
Leave Vicksburg	3:05 p m	———
Leave Jackson	5:20 p m	———
Leave Brandon	6:38 p m	———
Leave Forest	7:40 p m	———
Leave Newton	8:23 p m	———
Arrive Meridian	9:40 p m	———
Lv Meridian - -	10:00 p m	2:45 p m
Leave Toomsuba	———	3:12 p m
Leave Cuba	———	3:30 p m
Leave York	———	3:43 p m
Leave Livingston	———	4:0? p m
Arrive Eutaw	———	5:00 p m
Leave Eutaw	———	5:20 p m
Leave Tuskaloosa	1:02 a m	6:37 p m
Leave Birmingham	3:00 a m	8:45 p m
Leave Chattanooga	7:55 a m	2:00 a m
Arrive Cincinnati	6:42 p m	3:30 p m

Through Car Service.

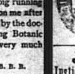
SOUTHBOUND—Train No. 1, Pullman Boudoir Sleeping Cars, Cincinnati to New Orleans Chattanooga to Shreveport.

Train No. 5, Pullman Boudoir Buffet sleeping cars Cincinnati to New Orleans and Pullman sleepers Cincinnati to Jacksonville.

NORTHBOUND—Train No. 2, Pullman Boudoir Buffet sleeping cars New Orleans to Cincinnati, Shreveport to Chattanooga.

Train No. 6, Pullman Boudoir Buffet sleeping cars New Orleans to Cincinnati.

D. J. MULLANEY, Div Pass Agt, Chattanooga, Tenn.
P. H. JONES, Traveling Passenger Agt, Meridian, Miss.
C. CAMPBELL, Agent, Meridian.
J. C. GAULT, Gen'l M'g'r, D. G. EDWARDS, G P & T A, Cincinnati, O.



Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS.

Big G has given universal satisfaction in the cure of Gonorrhœa and Gleet. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. A. J. STONER, M.D., Decatur, Ill. PRICE $1.00. [illegible]

J. L. SPINKS.
Justice of the Peace and Notary Public
MERIDIAN, MISS.
Office No. 213 Twenty-third avenue

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 41 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

DR. PARKER'S
Medical & Surgical Institute
151½ N. Spruce St., Nashville, Tenn.
Treat and Cure all Chronic Diseases. Deformities and Surgical Cases. Sexual Diseases of Men, Women and Children the results of *Imperfect Development. Evil Habits or Excesses.* Opium and the Whiskey Habit, etc. Sanitarium and Private Lying-in Hospital in connection. Write for circular.

TO THE FARMERS.

WANTED—Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Beans, Game, Hops, Meat and Stocks; Potatoes, Vegetables, Dressed and Live Poultry, Fruits of all kinds, Pop Corn, Honey, Beeswax, Wool, Gensing, Maple Sugar, Apples, Grapes, Sweet Potatoes, Cranberries, Furs and Skins. Will pay cash or sell on commission. Price current sent daily.

E. M. BALLARD & CO.
Produce and General Commission Merchants,
761 Myrtle Avenue, near Wallabout Market.
BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND.

Safe and always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for Diamond Brand, in red, metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are a dangerous counterfeit. [illegible] Chichester Chem'l Co., Madison Sq., Phila., Pa.

John W. Moseley, Druggist, Meridian

INSTRUMENTAL AND VOCAL
--MUSIC--
By Mrs. W. E. Hughes.

Residence corner 17th st and 35th ave. Pupils taught at her residence or at their homes. ma 28-1m

DR. MOFFETT'S
INDIAN WEED
FEMALE MEDICINE

By giving tone to and strengthening the Uterine System and building up the general health, INDIAN WEED corrects all irregularities and annoying troubles from which so many ladies suffer. It gives the weak, debilitated woman health and strength, and makes cheerful the despondent, depressed in spirits. In change of life no lady should be without INDIAN WEED. It is Safe and Unfailing. Ask your Druggist.

For sale by A. J. Peck.

COOPER'S WELL!
—THE—
HOTEL AT COOPER'S WELL
—OPENED—
MAY 1, 1889.
The water of this well is considered superior to any in the United States.
S. & H. SPRINGER, [illegible]
Raymond P. O. Hinds Co., Miss.

GEORGE W. MEYER, President. J. S. SOLOMON, Vice-President. W. A. BROWN Cashier.

CITIZENS SAVINGS BANK
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, $50,000.
PAID UP STOCK - - - $15,000.
DIRECTORS:

H. M. Threefoot,	J. S. Solomon,
W. A. Brown,	Geo. W. Meyer,
H. M. Street,	Curtis J. Smith,

George [illegible]

[illegible] money and do a General [illegible]

[illegible] Contracts.

We realize the importance of prompt sales at minimum expense and have reduced our charges on handling Spots to a price considerably under those current in this market, and shall be glad to correspond with Planters and Interior Shippers as to our rates and methods.

We have also inaugurated a system of selling Spots and F. O. B. by sample which we have found most satisfactory to the seller. In this way planters can sell deliverable to the buyers here through us, with only the charges of drayage and handling in addition to our regular commissions.

We respectfully solicit Future orders. By means of telegraph operator in our own office we have unusual facilities for quick receipts and deliveries of telegraphic messages, and are prepared to execute orders for cotton with our correspondents in Liverpool and New York, also for coffee, grain and provisions in New York, Chicago and St. Louis.

A. M'MILLAN,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
Cooking and Heating Stoves,

Crockery and Glass Ware, Tin, Hollow, Wood and Willow Ware, Mantles and Grates, Roofing, Guttering and Galvanized Cornice Work Done Promptly Agents for Bucks Brilliant and Superior Cook Stoves. Fire Backs Guaranteed for fifteen Years. MERIDIAN, MISS.
oc 18 6m.

IKE'S SALOON,
W. A. Payne, Prop,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
BRANDIES, WINES, CORDIALS AND WHISKIES.
THE OLDEST HOUSE IN THE STATE.
Splendid Billiard and Pool Tables attached. Special attention given to orders and RELIABLE GOODS sent in all instances. References, thirty years past.

F. S. PICKEL,
Corner 22d Avenue and 4th Street,
MERIDIAN, : : : Miss.
—DEALER IN—
Fine Liquors, Wines, Beer,
Cigars and Tobaccos.
Special Attention paid to the Jug Trade.

The Gem Saloon.
Cor. of 25th Ave. and 5th St.—No. 412.
WM. BRANDT, Proprietor,
AND JOHN MYER, Clerk.
The Best Brands of Brandies, Whiskies and Wines, and the Best and Most Popular Make of Cigars.
The Jug Trade a Specialty.
Prompt Delivery. Attentive and polite bartenders. Good order.

Exchange Saloon
Corner Twenty-second Ave. and Second St.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
IMPORTED & DOMESTIC WINES, BRANDIES,
Whiskies, Gins and Liquors.
Best Brands of Chewing Tobacco & Cigars.
S. WEIL, Proprietor.
ASSISTANTS:
HENRY HALL, of Meridian, HENRY FLORINE of Jackson.

ST. CHARLES SALOON.
I. M. SCHULHERR & CO., Proprietors.
Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors
Tobacco & Cigars.
Special agents for Mumm's Extra Dry Champaigne, Morline, Fels & Co. Extra Dry, Apollinaris Water and F. C. fine Kentucky Whisky and Moerlein Brewing Co. Keg and Bottled Beer, Joseph Schlitz Milwaukee Bottled Beer.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO ORDETR FROM ABROAD

A NEW DEPARTURE
In addition to our well assorted stock GENERAL MERCHANDISE we have added a
5 AND 10 CENT COUNTER,
with rare bargains in ornamental and useful articles. Call and see for yourself. H. F. BROACH & SON.
No. 2202 Fourth Street. se 27-1y.

W. S. HARRIS & BRO.,
Cotton Commission Merchants and Mill Agents,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Flour, Meal, Corn, Oats, Bran, Hay, Bagging and Ties
KEROSENE OIL, ETC.
FRONT STREET, MERIDIAN, MISSISSIPPI.
TERMS CASH.......TERMS CASH.

DRY GOODS &

LOOK! LOOK!

A beautiful line of Misses Walking Jackets this week at $2, worth $3.

Ladies, if you want a nice stylish pair of Oxfords for evening wear call and look at our new styles for the Holidays, Edwin C. Burt's make. They are beauties: We have these in OOZE calf patent leather, Dongola Morocco and Gray Swede.

Don't forget our great $2.50 Dongola Button. Every lady should have a pair of them.

In a few days will receive a full line of Edwin C Burt's Ladies Fine Shoes.

[redacted]

using this column.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Three dwellings. Apply to Woods & Carter. no 15-tf

FOR RENT—Two large rooms above store house. Apply to G. W. Meyer. oct19tf

FOR RENT In the Walker and Hall building on Fourth street, an elegant store, size 30x75, plate glass and iron front, first class finish; with gas, water, water closets, sewerage connections, etc. Everything complete. In fact, one of the best stores in Meridian. Apply to Walker and Hall. Oct 15 tf.

THE Gaston House at Enterprise, Miss. Possession given at once. Can be rented for one or three years. Apply to W. L. Fox, Enterprise or R. V. Love, City Mills, Meridian, Miss. au 4-tf

THE Hood building, adjoining Caraway's, with large back yard, stable, etc. Apply to Love & Co., City Mills. aug 6-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One carload of first-class flooring, well dressed, thoroughly seasoned, tongued and grooved, consigned to us by a client, which we will sell at strictly first cost and carriage. WALKER & HALL. dec1tf

FOR SALE—A new, handsome and well-built residence in a desirable portion of the city, now occupied by reliable tenant. A bargain for home or investment may be had in this property. Easy terms. Enquire at News office.

FOR SALE—A good horse and buggy. Apply or address M., News office. oc 9-tf

BOILERS—Thirty-four new and nineteen second hand boilers, also new and second hand engines at buyer's prices. Address Casey Boiler Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS FOR SALE—Send for circular, FRANK HOLMAN, York Station, Ala.

FOUND.

FOUND.—A red scarf. Owner can get same by calling at this office and paying printer's fee.

LOST.

MONEY—Pocket book containing currency, private papers and Rail Road ticket. Any person finding same will deliver to Barber, Granberry & Co who will describe same and pay a liberal reward to finder. C. J. GREEN.

WANTED.

WANTED BOARDERS—I am prepared to accommodate a few more boarders with first class accommodations. Reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed at 807 Twenty-second avenue, Ed Stoltz, proprietor. no 17-1m

WANTED.—By a young man with fifteen years experience in the mercantile business, a situation as salesman or assistant bookkeeper. Address "P.," News Office.

WANTED DAY BOARDERS at 809 Twenty-fifth Avenue. Will furnish one room for two young gentlemen. Mrs. R. H. GILL.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNCILMAN.

Having been solicited by a number of my friends personally, and through the columns of the NEWS, I have concluded to announce myself as a candidate for councilman in Ward 1, and ask the support of the voters for my election.
H. M. THREEFOOT.

We are authorized to announce E. J. MARTIN a candidate for re-election to the office of Councilman from Ward One at the coming municipal election.

THE NEWS is authorized to announce W. Q. CHALK a candidate for Councilman for Ward 5 at the ensuing municipal election.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. H. DOBSON as a candidate for Councilman from Ward Two at the ensuing municipal election.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. W. ROBINSON, as a candidate for Councilman from Ward 2.

The friends of B. F. CAMERON, appreciating his eminent services as a member of the City Council in devising progressive measures for the city, take this method of announcing him as a candidate for re-election for Councilman in Ward 3.

We are authorized to announce G. W. MEYER, the jeweler, as a candidate for Councilman in Ward 3, the coming municipal election.

Mr. I. HEIMAN is a candidate for councilman Ward Four at the forthcoming municipal election.

We are authorized to announce GEO. F. COLEMAN as a candidate for Councilman from Ward No. 4, at the next city election.

The friends of COL. CHAS. ELMIRE announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of Councilman for Ward No. 5.

Meyer's $50 14k Gold Watches.

Oysters and Oyster Loaves. Prepared to order at S[illegible]s restaurant.

Go to Meyer's for Clocks and Watches.

Choicest tropical fruits always to be found at Stoltz's restaurant.

A big rush at Arky's this week.

Doctors and D[illegible]s just step in at Arky's and see his fine line of Prince Albert's for $15 and $16.75.

Go to G. W. Meyer's, the Jeweler.

"DEW DROP."

Commercial Travelers.

Notice that Stoltz's coffee to be the best French co[illegible]ee made. no9 1m.

The Davis leads, other machines have to follow. Go to Thos. Ferguson and he will show you why they are so immensely popular.

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lamation.

's-Extra.]

telegram gives intelligence of the the Confederate Cheiftan, JEFFERSON DAVIS.

Let every testimonial of sorrow and every mark of respect be shown to this truly great man.

Let every bell in the city be tolled, let every business house be closed in accordance with Mayor Griffin's proclamation, and let a public meeting be called at once to express the profound grief of this entire community.

MERIDIAN, MISS., DEC. 6, '89.

TO THE PUBLIC—I am just in receipt of the following dispatch announcing the painful intelligence of the death of our beloved and distuinguished fellow citizen, JEFFERSON DAVIS:

JACKSON, Miss., December 6.

To Mayor of Meridian, Miss.:

I have just received the following dispatch:

NEW ORLEANS, December 6.

Gov. [illegible] Jackson, Miss.:

[redacted]

illustrious son of Mississippi.

Done at the Mayor's office, City of Meridian.

THOS. H. GRIFFIN, Mayor.
Dec. 5th, 1889.

ONE OF THE VERY BEST.

From the rise of the curtain to its final descent the entertainment given last evening by Field's minstrels was one of the very best ever seen in Oil City. The military camp scene, in which the burnt cork artists make the merry jest go round by visitors to the camp and servants for the benefit of the audience, taking the place of the old time "sit around," was a pleasing departure from ancient minstrel land marks. The battalion drill and choruses were fine, and the solo singing was excellent. The entertainment had the conspicuous merit of containing few chestnuts, and many decidedly bright and original features. The juggling and the statuary clog dancing were excellent, while nothing finer has ever been here than "Eduard Estus, the Equilibrist."—Oil City (Pa.) Derrick, September 10, 1889.

DIME MUSEUM.

Hall and Barnum's Dime Museum exhibits every day at 2210 Fourth street, beginning every day at 2 p. m., and continuing until 10 p. m. On Saturday beginning at 10 a. m.

Zula Zingarr, the serpent charmer; Freed, America's great juggler; Millie Palmer, the strongest woman in the world; Prof. Mack, the Ventriloquist, with his Punch and Judy, and other wonders, will exhibit for one week only.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO THE LADIES.

You can get all the ingredients for your fruit cake at Gaston & Suttle's. d7 1w.

Look Out, Taxpayers!

Only twelve days more that you have to pay State and county taxes without damages. Come forward and settle and save cost. I will be found at my office from 7:30 a. m. until 9 p. m.

R. M. BOURDEAUX,
d3td Tax Collector.

TO MY CUSTOMERS.

My patrons will please bear in mind that I will sell coal strictly for cash from this date. Coal must be paid for when ordered or on delivery, Please don't ask for credit. J. A. MOORE.

Celebrated Optician.

The well known optician, Professor Moses, is again in [illegible] and is prepared to fit his celebrated [illegible] glasses to all who need well arranged spectacles. Professor Moses is no stranger in this city, and his best recommendation is the work he left behind him. Wherever he has gone he has gained the encomiums of the very best people, and he has recommendations by the hundred, which unqualifiedly endorse his beautiful Pebble Spectacles.

He will be in the city during the present week, and will be pleased to wait on his customers at the St. Charles Hotel, or a notice addressed to him there will meet with prompt attention. d3-1w

Go to Meyer's for Silver and Plated Ware.

Sam Jones has come, Mr. Stewart has come, and an immense line of gents' neckwear has come at Arky's.

Why should you go to preaching and get your feet wet when rubbers are sold so cheap at Arky's?

Go to Melton Hardware Company for Hardware, Tinware, Crockery, Glassware, Heating and Cooking Stoves, Grates, etc. Fine Pocket and Table Cutlery and Plated ware a specialty.

FOR SALE BY ORMOND & CO.

Several carloads of Bright Bermuda Grass Hay for sale by Ormond & Co. The finest and most nutritious hay in the world.

Quarles, Rogers & Bounds.

Great Reduction in Prices

Until January 1. Cash buyers will find it to their interest examine our goods and prices before buying elsewhere.

OUR STOCK MUST BE REDUCED.

QUARLES, ROGERS & BOUNDS.

RICHARD III.

His acting of the role lacks nothing in forcefulness of declamation and the ele-

[redacted]

Gave them all "Hasson's Tar."
Now they are healthy people in Kay
Hasson's Syrup of Tar for sale by J. M. Kimbrough.

Every can of Dew Drop goods guaranteed. Be sure and get that brand and you will be pleased. Can be had at Gaston & Suttle's. d7 4t.

LOOK! LOOK!

At auction, by Rhodes & Wagner, Real Estate Agents, on Tuesday, December 10, 1889, the Silverstein house on the corner of Second street and Twenty-third avenue, one of the finest locations for business in the city. Water and gas fixtures complete and every thing in good repair. Rents for $1,200 per annum. Also a dwelling house and lot on Tenth street in good repair. Titles good. Rents for $25 per month.

The above will be sold to the highest bidder, as above, in front of said store house, Tuesday 10th day of December. Terms: One-half cash, balance in one and two years.

RHODES & WAGNER,
no 27-td Real Estate Agents.

Coal! Coal!! Coal!!!

1000 tons of the best lump coal now ready for delivery at reduced prices.
Orders solicited. J. A. MOORE.
17:tf

J. A. GURLEY & CO.,

The boss saddlery, wagon and buggy men of East Mississippi, have just moved into the large and most elegantly fitted house in the State and have the largest stock of saddles, harness, bridles, collars, whips, wagons, open and top buggies, surreys, carriages, hacks, spring wagons, etc., to be found in the South. Their entire stock is selected and manufactured especially for this section, and persons needing any of the above named goods, will find it to their advantage to visit their mammoth establishment, as they can find an endless variety of goods to select from, at prices that will astonish them. They manufacture all their leather goods, and can give bargains that will justify anyone living at a long distance to buy from them; while on wagons and buggies their prices are lower than goods can be laid down from the factory by the single job.

They invite all to call and see them before buying anything in their line. Remember the place,

J. A. GURLEY & Co.,
MERIDIAN, MISS.

"THE FIRST SHALL BE FIRST."

"The Last May Get Left,"

Owing to the fact that I keep duplicates of all tax receipts, and have the numbers of the same appear consecutively on my cash book, I cannot make up receipts until you are ready to pay your taxes, hence I would advise that you come and pay now. Nearly every one seems to be waiting until the last day. I cannot get up all receipts in a day or week, the first that comes will be the first served. If you get left and have to pay damages, you will have only yourselves to blame.

GEO. M. HODGES,
City Tax Collector.

OPERA HOUSE.

Tuesday, December 10

Al. G. Field & Co.'s

Majestic Minstrel Combine

Of European and American Novelties.
SIXTH ANNUAL TRIUMPHAL TOUR

Pre-eminently the Leaders—Original in all its Features—Refined and Chaste in Every Detail—The Fashionable Family Entertainment

30 Merry, Mirthful Minstrel Mimics.
10 Dextrous, Dazzling Dancers.
10 Superb, Soulstirring Singers.
14 Matchless Musicians.
6 Surprising Specialists.

Our Inimitable Features, and to be Seen with no Other Company,

LEONZO;

The Egyptian Wonder Worker.
Musical Knife Grinders.
Eduard Estus, the German Equilibrist.
Richard Vonder, the Human Corkscrew.

The New Military Encampment 1st Part

The Original Burlesque, Big Lord Fauntleroy—The Dancing Musketeers—The Statuary Clog and Ancient Roman Sports.

Positively the latest and best, newest and nicest, cleanest and brightest of all that has made minstrelsy universally popular.

LOUIS KERR'S MILITARY BAND.

The Holiday Parade and Band Concerts
To be wise is to wait for

AL. G. FIELD & CO.'S

Giant League of Mirth and Majestic Marvels.

Reserved seats now on sale at Marks, Rothenberg & Co's. and Schwab's Cigar Store.

OPERA HOUSE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Saturday, Dec. 14.

—Engagement of the—

Two Great Shakespearean Stars.

F. D. Maclean & Marie Prescott

Supported by their own special company in

RICHARD III.

Acknowledged to be the best representatives of their respective roles.

JOHN WHITELEY, Manager.

Reserved seats for sale at Marks, Rothenberg & Co.s and Schwab's Cigar Store.

[redacted]

Ladies Vests, 20c to $1.50; value 50c to $2.50.
Woolen Hose, 20c and upward.
Cashmere Hose, 35c; worth 50c.
Children's all wool Hose, 10c up
Children's Vests, 25c and upwards
Ladies' Jerseys, 40c to $4.50.
Walking Jackets, $1.50; worth $2.50
Full Regular Made Fast Black Hose, 20c.
Corsets, 20c to $1.50.
Plushes and Velvets at half value
Latest Style Collars and Cuffs.
Lace curtains, 75c pair and upwds
Handkerchiefs, a complete line.

OUR STOCK IN THE ABOVE AND MANY OTHER LINES IS Larger and more complete than ever, and we ask an inspection before purchasing. Our Millinery Department is, as usual, large and elegant.

E. C. LOEWE & CO.
No. 2328 Front street.

ORCHID FLOWERS,

The Latest, "Just the Thing" in Perfumes.

Palmer's Pink and Maybloom,

PLEASING AND PERFECT PERFUMES.

Don't fail to whiff the delicate and perfect odors at the "Meridian Pharmacy" before you purchase. Millefleur Cologne one dollar a pint, unexcelled. Cut glass bottles, the prettiest and cheapest in the city.

JOHN MOSELEY, Druggist.
Cor. Twenty-third avenue and Fourth street, opposite Bored Well.

S. E. CASTEEL'S SONS

Keeps a full stock of the celebrated

"Monarch" Shirts and "Crown" Collars, AND CUFFS.

There is no necessity for having your shirts made to order, when you can get just as good a fit in Meridian, ready-made. All sizes in Mens' and Boys' Shirts. Nice line of WOOL UNDERWEAR. All styles in NECKWEAR and full assortment of WIRE BUCKLE SUSPENDERS, the best suspender made. Everything in HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES and HALF HOSE.

S. E. CASTEEL'S SONS.

AN OPPORTUNITY TO GET A HOME ON EASY TERMS.

In order to meet the demand for building lots on the installment plan,

THE MERIDIAN LAND AND INDUSTRIAL CO

Offer for sale, during the next ninety days some

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-FIVE LOTS,

Surrounding the East End District school house. These lots are 60x135 feet.

The street railroad will be extended through this property within two months. J. L. Handley has so promised.

These lots are offered at reasonable prices and on small monthly payments. Call at the office of J. C. Lloyd, on Fourth street, for prices. Mr. Anthony Hunter is provided with a horse and buggy and will take pleasure in showing the property to parties who desire to purchase. He can be found at office of the company in J. C. Lloyd's office on Fourth street.

IRON NECTAR.

The King of Tonics, and a Delightful Beverage.

The most approved alterative tonic and blood purifier known. It is skillfully combined with agreeable adjuvans. It enriches the blood, tones up the nervous system and destroys malaria. It imparts strength and vigor to the weak and convalescent. By the use of

IRON NECTAR

weak persons, after protracted fevers, rapidly regain health and strength. Our formula is open to the inspection of the medical profession.

Manufactured and for sale in pint bottles at $1.50 per dozen by the Meridian Bottling Works.

A. B. AVERY, Proprietor.
dn&3m Meridian.

FOR SALE.

5000 bushels genuine Texas Rust Proof Oats for sale by Ormond & Co.

Nice Jersey butter on ice can be bought at R. F. Holt & Co's.

SANITARY NOTICE.

After date vaults will be cleaned at [illegible] cents each if called regularly; if not [illegible] will charge 25 cents each. Leave orders at J. W. Hare's shop No. [illegible] Fifth street.

ARCHIE WEBB.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

1000 tons of the best lump coal now ready for delivery at reduced rates. Orders solicited.
tf J. A. MOORE.

MUSTBE REDUCED. Our stock of Clothing, and Gent's Furnishing goods must be sold. The cash will obtain bargains in this department. Quarles, Rogers & Bounds.

NOTICE.

During my absence my books and accounts will be found with J. T. Blanks on Lindley Hill. Please settle your accounts. M. V. B. MILLER, M. D.
no 13 tf

TEA! TEA!

Oolong, Gunpowder, E. Breakfast, Heno, Young Hyson, Imperial, Hunkee, Japan, Pouchong, and Hyson. To be found at Niolon's Coffee and Tea Store, 507 25th Avenue. Coffee roasted daily. No 16-1y

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[redacted]

k's Drug Store

[redacted] Twenty-Second Avenue. 404

Complete Lines of

Photograph Albums,
Children's Boks,
Scrap Albums,
Miscellaneous books,
Paints & Oils,
Autograph Albums,
Family Bibles,
Glass & Putty,
Writing Desks,
Testaments,
Toilet Requisites,
Pocket Bibles,
Shaving Sets,
School supplies,
Toilet Sets,
Proprietary Medicines,
Hair Brushes, Tablets,
Dressing Cases, Memorandums,
Tooth Brushes,
Ink, Pens, Pencils, Etc.
Birthday Presents,
Novelties, Etc.
Wedding Gifts,
Nail Brushes,

BLANK BOOKS

PECK'S WORM SYRUP, Liver Pills Mentholic Liniment

FAMILY MEDICINES

404 COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF SURICAL INSTRUMENTS 404
TELEPHONE NO. 50.
At New York Prices.

CAPITAL--------$100,000 SURPLUS--------$50,000

THE Meridian National Bank

MERIDIAN, - - MISS.

THIS BANK COMBINES EASTERN AND LOCAL CAPITAL.

A critical investigation of the financial standing of the list of stockholders will show it to be the most responsible in the Southern States without exception

Accounts of Banks, Merchants, Planters and Others Solicited

ADOLPH MAYER & CO.'S SHOE STORE.

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An Irrepressible Attack

ON THE SHOE MARKET IN MERIDIAN.

Closing out their present stock to make a change in their business by the 1st of January, 1889.

For the Next Four Weeks Only, Ladies, Gentlemen and Childrens' Shoes to be Sold at About What the Material is Worth.

The well known Ladies' Kid Button Shoe "Minna," previous price $2, reduced to $1.90.
A ladies' genuine pair kid button shoes, previous price $5, reduced to $4.
A ladies' genuine French kid button shoes, previous price $4, reduced to $3.
A ladies' genuine French Douglas kid button shoes, previous price $3, reduced to $2.25.
Gentleman handmade Congress or Button shoes, previous price $6.50, reduced to $5.
Gentleman handmade Congress or Button shoes, previous price $5, reduced to $4.
Gentleman handwelt Congress or Button shoes, previous price $4, reduced to $3.25.
Childrens' shoes in proportion.
In fur CAPS we will astonish the public.

WE ARE THE CAPPERS

and it takes as CAPacious mind to see how easily we CAP the climax of CAPital bargains when our goods and prices are compared with those of our CAPtious competitors, our stock is the very CAPsheaf of taste and the CAPstone of perfection, and all who want sealskin CAPS should come to the CAP CAPtains Adolph Mayer & Co. If our CAPS don't CAP the CAPS of every other CAP dealer. If our prices don't CAP every other price ever made in the CAP business. In short if our CAPS are not the CAPS in the market we'll wear a fool's CAP all the rest of our days. You'll wear a fool's CAP if you buy elsewhere and are CAPtured by the high price men who make CAPital out of CAPlessness. Come and get a fur CAP that is a CAP as a price that is no prices at all from

ADOLPH MAYER AND CO. PARLOR SHOE STORE,
Under St. Charles Hotel.

THE OLD RELIABLE

Lloyd's Insurance Agency,

Represents the Most Reliable

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES,

Insures all Classes of Property. Guarantees Promot and Equitable Payments.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE,
HANOVER OF NEW YORK,
GERMANIA OF NEW YORK,

QUEEN OF LIVERPOOL,
MISSISSIPPI HOME,
EQUITABLE.

THE OLD RELIABLE.

J. SCHREINER,

Baker and Confectioner,

AND DEALER IN TOYS

Number 500 25th Ave., Cor. 5th St., MERIDIAN, MISS

MELTON HARDWARE CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Tinware, Crockery

Glass Ware, Woodenware, Etc.

AGENTS FOR
The Celebrated "Charter Oak Stoves."
Miami Powder Company.
Fairbank's Standard Scales.
B. F. Avery & Son's Plows.
Southern Agt. Works Implements
Union Metallic Cartridge Company.
Winchester Repeating Arms Company.

ROOFING, TIN AND SHEET IRON WORKS AND REPAIRING.

Don't spoil your wife's amiable disposition by making her use an underfeed machine, but go to Ferguson's and get a Davis vertical feed machine. They are the best. Just for fun go and C I of them and B convinced.

Be sure and see those dress shirts at Arky's for $1.25.

WRAPS, WRAPS WRAPS.

Our stock of these goods is entirely too large and they must be sold. Prices all reduced till January 1st.
Quarles, Rogers & Bounds.

BUILDING LOTS!

ELIGIBLE

West End Property

FOR SALE.

Six Lots in Block 5, Vogh's Addition, 75 by 46 feet.

Five Lots in Block 4, Vogh's Addition, 39 by 167 feet.

This property will be sold in block or by the lot.

One Lot in Block 5, Vogh's Addition, 29 by 173 feet.

This property is eligibly located for cottage buildings, just opposite the railroad shops.

This property is within one block of the street car line.

It is within one block of the electric lights in two directions.

Terms moderate.

Apply to J. W. VOGH.

50 Cts. 50 Cts.

"SELONÆ."

GONORRHŒ, GLEET

Positively cured in from 3 to 10 days.

"NO CURE, NO PAY!"

HAWTHORN BROS., Mfr., London, Eng

Guaranteed and sold by John Moseley Drugg'st, Meridian, Miss. no 15 ly

Coal! Coal!! Coal!!!

1000 tons of the best lump coal now ready for delivery at reduced prices.
Orders solicited. J. A. MOORE.
17:tf